

RURAL SOCIETY, COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT, IMPACT OF COVID 19 AND EXISTING SOCIAL PROBLEMS IN CURRENT SCENARIO

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INTRODUCTION

As we all know that whole World is suffering from corona virus . Its almost more than 1 year but still whole world is unable to get out of it .

MAJOR PROBLEMS FACED

The major problem faced during the pandemic is
1) Those persons who work daily and get money on the same day like taxi drivers , rickshaw drivers , etc. They were badly effected as they were having no other source of income to earn their livelihood. 2)In many hospitals apart from covid other cases such as brain hamraige , other types of emergency cases patients were asked covid negative certificate before getting admitted in the hospital . Due to which patients were not getting the treatment at time . 3)As there was a complete lockdown for about 2 month due to which railways and other transport facilities were totally stopped due to which in these sectors income to the government was very less and they were in deep trouble because it was necessary to pay to their workers. 4) In many of private sectors private companies started removing their employees as they were not having enough money to pay yo their workers such has bike agencies etc. 5)As covid pandemic was a sudden and strange because it was never expected that these days will also come therefore india was not prepared with facilities like ppe kit , masks , sanitizers most importantly separate covid beds , testing facilities etc .

REMEDIES TO SOLVE THE SOCIAL ISSUES

To solve the problem of daily works such as taxi drivers government tried a lot from his side they were providing proper food raw materials . Also in many places they were helped with money . Apart from these as from my thinking during the pandemic ambulance

was one of the most needed services during pandemic those who were willing to work for the nation government should must approach to them it will also help those drivers financially. Also as a part for front line workers to sanitize places government should must have hired these people so that government and those needy people should also get helped.

In case of hospital doctors were not sufficiently interacting with patients because of fear of virus . This kind of mentality was very bad by taking proper precautions it was possible to treat patients as before pandemic they were doing . So government should must bring some laws or special teams which must take care or monitor whether the patients are getting proper care or not.

As all the sources of government incomes were nearly closed so they should must have to reduce the salary of their workers upto a limit so they don't get any difficulty because it was much need that public should must support government during the hard times.

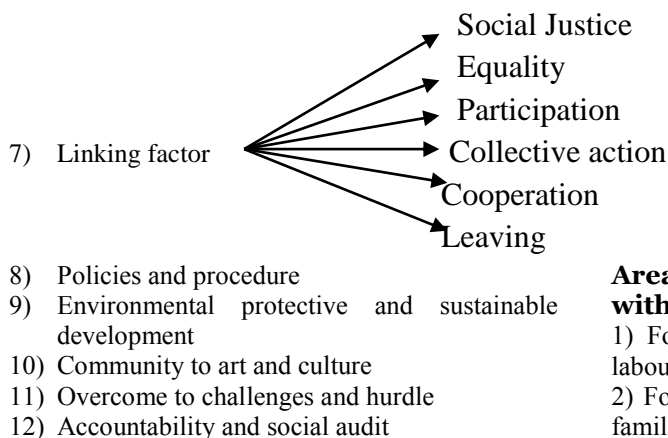
As nearly most of the jobs were possible to do work from home. Therefore govt must. Order other sector companies to find alternative ways even less salary upto a limit will run. Govt should also fund or help these type on private sectors in taking 100 % precautions by providing ppe kits sanitizers, masks if the company work is only possible in offline mode .

As these were all sudden and strange it will be not good to blame government for not having pre prepared with mass amount of protective thing such as masks , sanitizers etc. But anyhow since before india china was infected government should must have start awaring people about the spreading of virus , how to make / use home made masks ,etc. At the starting phase sanitizers and masks were not present in bulk amount in the market due to which a lot of black marketing was going on to prevent this in starting phase government should must have to take the responsibilities on his shoulders to sell the or provide

the equipments so that every one get it and on a reasonable price.

Objectives

1. To study the position of farmers in social hierarchy.
2. To study the community support or lack of it.
3. To study the economic inclusion of farming community.
4. To study the productive and unproductive transaction of farmers.
5. To study the political organization of farming.
6. To study the perception of local politician with regards to the farming community.
7. To study the degree and impact of farmers-administration interaction.



Some of the main Problems of Farmers

- Absence of adequate social support infrastructure at the level of the village and district.
- Uncertainty of agricultural enterprise in the region.
- Indebtedness of farmers.
- Rising costs of cultivation.
- Plummeting prices of farm commodities.
- Lack of credit availability for small farmers.
- Relative absence of irrigation facilities.
- Repeated crop failures.
- Dependence on rainfall for farming.
- Rural living.
- Lack of political will and insight in the region.

8. To study the perception of self of farmers.
9. To study the mindset of farmers towards change and adaptation.
10. To study the accessibility to new technology.
11. To study the lab to field disconnect in agricultural research and means to mend it.

Aspects of community development –

- 1) Formal and informal education
- 2) Cumulative and collective action
- 3) Organizational development.
- 4) Participation of NGO's and other stake holder
- 5) Entrepreneurship and community development
- 6) Bonding and with social capital

Area for holistic development of farmers with the help community development

- 1) Focus on landlabour, landless labour and bonded labour
- 2) Forest, unused land should be cultivated to needful families in the villages.
- 3) Provide financial help to poor and marginal farmer.
- 4) Strong and convenient leadership for holistic community development.
- 5) Complete eradication of addiction superstitions and certain old traditions in rural society.
- 6) Educational awareness, limited family system, poverty elimination etc.
- 7) Improvement in health facilities and pull down the intention of intellectual class towards it.
- 8) Avoid administrative hurdles, make farmers aware about Right to Information and their authority.
- 9) To stop separation as well as fragmentation of land and cultivate it in cumulative manner.
- 10) Support from small scale industries, occupation and supplementary additional work etc.
- 11) Focus on Child, Youth and Woman Empowerment.
- 12) Transportation, expected crop price, rotational crop methods, etc should be included in agriculture farming.
- 13) Collaboration with science and technology advance fertilizer and modern cultivation methods.
- 14) To stop intervention from land developers, buildser for purchasing land from farmers.

15) Expected, planned and ideal urban extension strategy should be executed for holistic community development.

16) Extension farming, irrigation facilities, food processing.

17) Marketing, organic, tourist farming and sanitization parameters.

18) Adaption of villages

Viz. Sansad Adarsh Gram Yojna (SAGY)

19) MP and MLA should adopt villages in their constituency as role model.

20) Credit facilities towards loan provision

21) Sustainable rural development required

22) Remove Unemployment, provide employment and weather related information to farmers in India.

23) Specially focus on weaker sectors of strata

Components of rural development

Geographical

Economical

Resources

Macro, Micro Planning

Industrial Interventions

25) Emphasis on Good Governance, self help groups and rural organization, management, rural industrialization.

26) Corporate and private sectors.

Some of the important Rural Development Schemes toward community development

1) Deen Dayal Upadhyay Gramin Kausal Yojna

2) Roshan skill development scheme for tribes

3) Swaccha Bharat Mission

4) MGNREGS

5) National Rural Live hood Mission

6) TRYSEM

7) Antoday Anna Yojna

8) Village Gramin Bank Scheme

9) Aam Adami Bina Yojna

10) Kutiv Jyoti Programm

11) Sarva Shiksha Abhiyan

12) Provision of Mudra Loan

parents aware about these biological terms and make them used to the precautions. As our parents have weak immune system so it is our responsibility to take care of them if going out with them we must keep sanitizing their hands, to stop touching unnecessary things outside.

Above detail illustration emphasis on the certain situation in current scenario towards the community development.

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CONCLUSION

As youths are having better immune system it was advised by many that during lockdown to buy essential things such as vegetables, daily use products we youths should have to go out to buy as the chance of getting infected is low as we get to understand the covid terms more easily than our parents because they were totally unknown things like virus, sanitization, etc. Even if we get infected chance of getting recovered is very high rather than our parents. We must make our