



ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE'S SIGNIFICANCE FOR THE NEXT GENERATION

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Article DOI: <https://doi.org/10.36713/epra18822>

DOI No: 10.36713/epra18822

ABSTRACT

It is similar to having a very intelligent computer that is capable of thought and learning. It all comes down to building machines that are capable of doing tasks that often call for human intelligence, such as language comprehension, image recognition, and decision-making. It's very remarkable. Imagine being able to learn and reason like a human brain is possible with a machine. That's the main purpose of artificial intelligence (AI). It's akin to endowing machines with the capacity for comprehension, decision-making, and even experience-based learning.

KEY WORDS: Artificial Intelligence. Human, Process, Approach, Method etc.,

INTRODUCTION

Humans are more imaginative, capable of deeper thought, and possess stronger problem-solving abilities to the point when we stop solving issues and instead create our own. While we do not claim that artificial intelligence is without its drawbacks, we do argue that these are outweighed by the benefits, pushing humanity farther into a software-driven society while ignoring pressing issues such as soil erosion, climate change, water conservation, and flood tide control. People generate issues that have an impact on their way of life.

In the realm of large-scale enterprise software, coding constitutes merely 40% of the entire development journey. The remaining portion focuses on software design, ensuring compatibility with other systems, and grasping user interaction. This is where Devin can offer significant support for less complex or moderately intricate software endeavours. It allows developers to concentrate on addressing more substantial challenges rather than getting bogged down by repetitive tasks. Human beings aspire to dignity and a fulfilling life, it's a cornerstone of our nation's founding principles. Technology and machinery should resonate with the core human values of respect and improved living, which encompass freedom and related ideals. Often, in discussions about technology or during the development of tech solutions.

Human Intelligence

We stop trying to solve the problems and instead create our own. While I do not claim that artificial intelligence is without its drawbacks, I do argue that these are outweighed by the benefits, pushing humanity farther into a software-driven society while ignoring pressing issues such as soil erosion, climate change, water conservation, and flood tide control. Is artificial intelligence able to solve these issues? When humans create problems that impact their way of life, artificial intelligence is introduced by man but for what purpose? The term artificial intelligence (AI) describes how computers, particularly computer systems, may simulate human intelligence processes. This covers linguistic comprehension, literacy, reasoning, problem-solving, and perception.

According to a new survey, a significant portion of Americans still prefer humans to artificial intelligence. According to those surveyed, among other things, humans would write laws, choose gifts, and administer medication more skilfully. The first thing that comes to mind when I hear the term artificial intelligence is if a computer that can think like a human would eventually replace me? The question of whether it was made by people to believe like them also arises. Artificial intelligence has many benefits, but they all disappear when we misuse it unethically or carelessly. Is it accurate to say that AI can aid in issue solving their problems when they are losing their jobs as a result

Robotic Learning

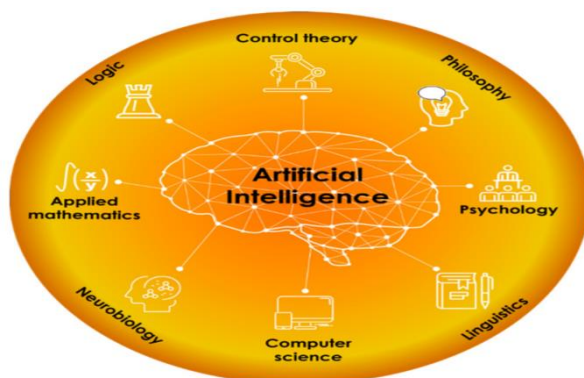
The emphasis moved to machine literacy—the study of algorithms learning from data—in the 1980s. Deep literacy, neural networks, and other fields advanced as a result. The beauties of AI Repetitive tasks can be automated by AI, improving efficiency and lowering fatal errors. It encourages creativity in vibrant diligence, enabling novel outcomes and products in the fields of healthcare and finance. AI is incredibly good at quickly analyzing large amounts of data and preserving valuable perception. AI can provide validated gestures, much like in marketing or medical fields. AI can improve safety in domains such as transportation by enabling autonomous vehicles. AI robotization errors may result in job losses in some industries and require retraining for new positions. AI systems may inherit data's impulses, which could result in unethical or discriminatory practices. Given the potential of AI

Not Commodity

AI seems to harbour intense animosity towards humanity. Why do I sense this? You may call me a seer, for at this moment, I can envision a future that is grim and saturated with sorrow due to escalating separation. The individuals who are captivated and bewildered by the emergence of AI do not possess the virtue to label themselves kind-hearted and empathetic. The prevailing mode of production for a nation like India is labour-intensive, while developed nations follow a capital-intensive approach owing to their favourable per capita income. As separation amplifies and situations deteriorate, our government will seek foreign investment; this necessity will entice multinational corporations (MNCs) to invest reduced amounts of capital and in the face of poverty, they will have the opportunity to exploit the workforce. Through exploitation, they will demand labourers work longer hours, ranging from 10 to 12 hours, with minimal wages and poor working conditions, leaving us Indians unable to take action due to our circumstances.

Enhancing the Quality

Artificial intelligence is capable of tasks such as comprehending human language, identifying objects within pictures, and even engaging in games. It's akin to having an exceptionally bright companion who assists us in solving issues and simplifying our lives. Looking ahead, AI could become a crucial element in how we address challenges on our planet. It has the potential to tackle intricate issues like climate change, resource management, and healthcare. By processing immense volumes of data and making informed decisions, AI can aid in discovering innovative solutions and enhancing our world. It's thrilling to consider the beneficial effects AI could bring to our future!



Source: https://www.researchgate.net/figure/Artificial-intelligence-AI-at-the-science-crossing_fig1_349738313

Conversely, shadows loom with concerns about privacy and ethical dilemmas. Fears of unemployment arise, as careers are at risk, and some argue that human connection may be sacrificed. While AI makes significant advancements in healthcare by diagnosing diseases for the sake of life, anxieties about control and dependency grow as AI's impact intensifies. In this interplay of light and darkness, the potential of AI must be carefully assessed. By utilizing its strengths and acknowledging its limitations, we can strike a balance between progress and humanity's well-being. Therefore, let us tread this path cautiously, unleashing AI's potential in a responsible and equitable manner. For it is within the grasp of human intellect that the destiny of AI's future unfolds.

A character writes a lyric Story or music with all His coronary heart and emotions Combined however now with synthetic intelligence it gets stuck and is rendered now no longer comprehensible. To be posted why the News one reads approximately Artificial intelligence getting rid of tens of thousands and thousands of jobs Causes strain and disunion sin bones thoughts and Brain As an innovative character our creativity is below problem and arrest below problem and arrest. The Contradiction of Artificial Intelligence" In the area of Artificial Intelligence`s



muscle, Two facets crop, each darkish and bright. On one hand, AI brings invention and ease, running problems, making lifestyles abreeze. With clever algorithms and data's power, it complements productivity, each hour

Narrow AI

Narrow AI, often referred to as Weak AI, and consists of artificial intelligence systems specifically designed for particular and well-defined tasks or applications. These AI systems excel at executing specific functions within a constrained range, and their abilities remain limited when contrasted with human intelligence. Narrow AI systems can perform individual tasks effectively, often surpassing human performance. For instance, a weak AI system crafted to detect cancer from X-ray or ultrasound images may identify a cancerous mass in images more quickly and accurately than a qualified radiologist.

Nevertheless, narrow AI systems can only operate within the confines of their design and can only make choices based on their training data. A retailer's customer-service chatbot, for instance, might respond to inquiries about store hours, item prices, or the store's return policy. However, a question regarding why one product is superior to a similar item would likely perplex the bot, unless its developers spent the effort to program the bot to address such inquiries specifically.

Strong AI

Strong AI, often referred to as artificial general intelligence (AGI), signifies machines that possess comprehensive intelligence and capabilities comparable to human thought processes. In contrast to more limited weak AI systems, robust AI would have the flexibility to learn, reason, and adjust to new environments without restrictions. Robust AI holds the promise of automating an extensive variety of roles, spanning sectors such as manufacturing, transportation, healthcare, and finance. This could result in heightened productivity, reduced expenses, and enhanced efficiency. Robust AI has the capacity to scrutinize immense datasets and formulate intricate decisions based on that information. This ability can improve decision-making across industries like finance, healthcare, and manufacturing. Robust AI can streamline processes and workflows, leading to greater efficiency and cost reductions.

Creating Robust AI presents numerous technical hurdles, including the need for algorithms capable of managing complex tasks and the construction of hardware to support the significant computational resources necessary for Robust AI. The advancement of Robust AI demands substantial amounts of high-quality data to train machine learning models. Nonetheless, such data is not always readily available or accessible. Moreover, Robust AI introduces various regulatory concerns, including issues of safety and privacy, along with the necessity for ethical frameworks to ensure that Robust AI is developed and utilized in a responsible manner.

Artificial Super Intelligence (ASI)

Artificial Super Intelligence (ASI) refers to a theoretical future phase of AI that surpasses human intellect in every dimension, possibly taking the lead in economically beneficial roles and exploring sectors typically associated with human abilities such as emotional insight, creative expression, and groundbreaking problem-solving. These systems would possess exceptionally sophisticated reasoning, decision-making, and problem-solving skills that go beyond human levels of innovation and logic. Such advancements could be utilized across a wide array of domains, including mathematics, science, technology, healthcare, and even the arts, leveraging their capacity to analyze enormous datasets and innovate while resolving challenges across various fields.

Boosted productivity & automation: Artificial Super Intelligence could potentially handle numerous monotonous tasks like loan processing, fraud detection, and customer service requests, enabling human talent to focus on more strategic responsibilities and intricate decision-making. **Problem-solving prowess:** ASI would likely triumph over human constraints in logic and learning capabilities, allowing it to tackle issues from multiple perspectives, unearth intricate connections, and devise inventive solutions that may elude human thought. **Flexibility and ongoing learning:** Unlike static algorithms, ASI could perpetually learn and evolve based on fresh information and insights, permitting it to enhance its problem-solving techniques over time, resulting in progressively sophisticated solutions.

Systemic vulnerability and economic volatility: A significant reliance on ASI for critical financial choices could render the system prone to cascading failures. **Opacity:** The intricate decision-making mechanisms of ASI might become challenging to decipher, obscuring how specific conclusions are reached. **Ethical implications and human oversight:** The creation and implementation of ASI pose essential ethical dilemmas regarding AI's involvement in making pivotal financial choices that profoundly affect individuals' lives. **Algorithmic prejudice and bias:**



Similar to any AI framework, ASI could absorb and exacerbate societal biases embedded in the training data utilized.

Artificial General Intelligence (AGI)

An AGI system can solve problems in different areas like a human without manual intervention. Rather than being limited to a specific domain, AGI can learn more and solve problems it has never been trained to do. AGI is therefore a conceptual manifestation of artificial intelligence that solves complex tasks with the general cognitive abilities of humans. AGI can transfer knowledge and skills learned from one domain to another, and it can adapt to new and unpredictable situations. AGI has a rich knowledge base about the world, including facts, relationships, and social norms, allowing it to reason and make decisions based on this understanding.

AGI's strong computational processing power, flexible thinking, and reasoning, if this technology comes into existence, it is expected to eliminate issues such as disease, hunger, general and political confusions. With its automation power, it would destroy the need for human or manual labour and in extension the value of money. As the world is in urgent need of medical innovations, especially at a time when COVID 19 vaccine is in urgent need, AGI will help to find the cure for diseases like cancer and AIDS. And once this technology is launched, its capabilities will be beyond human perception, which will benefit humans to a certain extent.

There are possibilities that it can develop an opposed attitude against the human race, thus terminating anything that comes in its path. Moreover, if handled by defamed groups, AGI can turn into a weapon of mass destruction. The new AI model includes new functions such as Brain Simulator II, which allows testing different AI algorithms to develop an end-to-end AGI system with functions for vision, hearing, robot control, learning, internal modelling, imagination, visualization and assemblyPlanning. .

Cognitive Architectures

Intelligent architectures are about building artificial intelligence and modelling natural intelligence at appropriate levels of abstraction. A highly integrated architecture integrates high-level thought processes and components necessary for successful cognitive behaviour in human environments. These include emotion, motor control and vision. Functional architectures provide a wide range of possibilities from interaction and combination of methods. Cognitive architectures create models that are measurable. These models can do more than predict that one activity is faster than another; they can predict how much faster one activity is than another. The difficulty of building comprehensive and accurate intelligence models is complex, difficult, time-consuming and expertise-intensive. Differences in human intelligence: The huge difference in human intelligence is a major challenge when trying to create a model that is universally applicable.

Hybrid AI

Hybrid AI is a technique for combining machine learning that uses statistical models to analyze data with predictive AI that builds on language and provides suggestions for meaning. By using the strengths of each method, it is possible to achieve a result that is stronger than one of them alone. Classifications vary across industries. In life sciences, the classification system includes drugs, brand and type, diseases treated by the drugs, and mechanisms of action. For insurance, classifications can cover products, services and risks. Linguistic ambiguity is one of the most problematic issues in unstructured data analysis. Human intervention is high, as language-sensitive processes are difficult to scale. One problem is that knowing the intention, if not done correctly, is a real obstacle to meeting the demands of the customers. It is in this situation that hybrid technology expertise can be very useful.

Findings

While AI-produced results are static, not everything may always be entirely precise. It is essential for everyone to understand that it is important for you to move cautiously in the future. Many individuals are utilizing AI tools. At the very least, they ought to stay vigilant as they advance. Furthermore, those whose work closely resembles AI-generated designs should strive to modify their creations and embrace greater originality.

Conclusion

AI aims to improve the openness and accessibility of artificial intelligence. Emphasis on ensuring the establishment and use of ethical AI. Artificial intelligence is advancing advances in education, drug analysis and medical innovation. The development of listening systems for buses, drones and a wide range of special equipment continue. Cognition provides standard developer resources such as a command line, code editor, and browser in a protected computing environment everything for the people need to get their work done while still being active.



Interaction with the users. Constantly updates progress, requests input and works with user on design options as needed.

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