



REPLACEMENT OF CITIZENS' SELF-GOVERNMENT BODIES IN PATRIOTIC EDUCATION OF YOUTH

Gulshanoy Madrakhimova Ph.D.

Associate Professor of the Department "National Pride and Military Patriotism" of the Academy of the Armed Forces of the Republic of Uzbekistan

ABSTRACT

In this article, it is thoroughly analyzed that the community implements eastern traditions, customs and ceremonies and passes them down from generation to generation, that social institutions of the community, along with youth organizations, play an important role in the education, maturity, and spiritual growth of young people.

KEYWORDS: *civil society, neighborhood, patriotism, loyalty, dedication, elder, next generation, spiritual growth.*

In our country, self-government bodies are improving year by year as the main institution of civil society. Also, with the expansion of the scope of these bodies in the management system, there are convenient and wide opportunities for the legal and social state to exercise its powers on the basis of democratic principles.

According to the Decision No. 225 of the Cabinet of Ministers of the Republic of Uzbekistan dated April 15, 2020, a number of activities were carried out in the field of youth support. In addition, in the implementation of the state policy on youth, as well as in the organization of the implementation of the Law of the Republic of Uzbekistan "On the state policy on youth", cooperation of state administration and local executive authorities with non-governmental non-profit organizations and other institutions of civil society is being established. Protecting the rights, freedoms and legal interests of young people, respecting national and universal values, educating them in the spirit of patriotism, instilling in them independence, loyalty to the ideas of national identity, and self-sacrifice are the urgent issues of today.

In this case, the role of self-management bodies is important. As President Sh. Mirziyoev said: "Mahalla should be a bridge between the people and the state." It is the main task of the neighborhood to always be aware of people's joys and worries." Because our future generation will be educated in the neighborhood. The entire neighborhood is responsible for the morals of every young man and woman growing up here, and the only management system that has the ability to increase the activeness of today's modern youth in social life is the community gatherings.

On January 19 of this year, at the meeting on the issues of fundamental improvement of the system of spiritual and educational affairs, strengthening the cooperation of state and public organizations in this regard, special attention was paid to the issues of ensuring the stability of the social and spiritual environment in the neighborhoods. It was emphasized that professors and famous intellectuals will be attached to each

neighborhood based on the principle of "One intellectual, one spiritual patron of one neighborhood" [2].

As stated in the address of the head of state to the Oliy Majlis: **First**, to provide quality education to the young generation in kindergartens, schools and universities, to mobilize all forces and opportunities so that they grow up to be physically and spiritually healthy, patriotic people.

Secondly, to raise young people to be independent and rational thinkers, possessing good qualities based on modern knowledge and experiences, national and universal values.

Thirdly, priority was given to training our sons and daughters in modern professions that are in high demand in the labor market, forming entrepreneurial skills and hardworking qualities in them, realizing their initiatives, and providing them with work and housing.

In 2021, for the first time, 50 billion soums will be allocated from the budget to provide housing for 900 truly orphaned youth, which will lead to an increase in the scope of work being done in this regard. The role of self-governing bodies in providing targeted support to them is great.

Indeed, "Neighborhood is the bright face and mirror of conscience of our society"

In 2020, work on spending at least 10% of the additional resources to the district budget to solve local problems was started, and 70 billion soums were allocated for these purposes. Now this authority has been further expanded and a new procedure has been introduced to direct 5% of district budget expenses to such purposes [1].

By expanding the authority of the head of the neighborhood and his deputies, they will be given the opportunity to directly solve the problems of the population, especially the youth. In this case, the chairman of the neighborhood should be given the right to introduce issues that must be considered at the meeting



of the local council. Through this, it is possible to achieve a quick solution to problems.

Currently, the “Youth Employment Program” has been implemented in each neighborhood, providing employment to 236,000 unemployed young men and women and 189,000 school graduates. Starting from 2023, the “Olympiad of Five Initiatives” will be held in 4 directions - neighborhood, school, professional education and university system, and a total of 12 million young people will be covered. A total of 623 sports grounds were built in the neighborhoods of the winners [3].

Special clubs for schoolchildren are being organized under many neighborhood citizens’ assemblies in our Republic in order to “enhance the spirituality of young people, meaningfully organize their free time and direct it to their profession, and create and widely promote the culture of reading among students.” The most important thing is that these circles are led by enterprising students studying in higher education. Special small libraries for readers are also being established in the neighborhoods.

Article 127 of the Constitution of the Republic of Uzbekistan provides the following legal definition of self-governing bodies: [4] Citizens’ gatherings in the neighborhoods of towns, villages and villages are self-governing bodies and they elect the chairman. As a result of improving the activities of civil society institutions, on October 15, 2018, the Law “On the Election of the Chairman (Elder) of the Citizens’ Assembly” was adopted [5]. Based on the constitutional basis, the concept of the system of self-governing bodies, its legal status was formed in our country, and they began to be expressed at the level of legal criteria in advanced democratic countries.

Today, one of the important factors is the fact that the legal basis of the activities of citizens’ self-government bodies has been created and is being improved in accordance with the times. In particular, the decree of the head of our state dated April 2, 2019 “On measures to fundamentally increase the position of the neighborhood institution in dealing with population problems” has a qualified, rich life experience in the field of improving the role and effectiveness of the activity of the neighborhood in the management of society, introducing modern mechanisms for organizing the work of citizens’ assemblies. and it is important because it aims to attract dedicated personnel [6]. According to the new regulation in the decree, now the employees of the community assemblies are not involved in the assemblies that are not related to the areas of activity, it is forbidden to interfere in their activities without reason, to assign them irrelevant tasks, it is not allowed to attach the buildings that are on the balance sheet of the citizens assembly to other persons or take them without reason [7].

In the current period, based on the goals of liberating the political sphere of the society, the community assemblies were given the authority to lead various directions of management. Neighborhoods directly participate in solving various social problems of citizens living in their territory: the interests of young people, the elderly, veterans, orphans, international

soldiers, low-income families and families with many children are protected;

Creates Conditions for spiritual growth of a person and manifestation of practical initiatives; citizens are supported from material and spiritual aspects.

The neighborhood assembly, together with social welfare bodies and other sponsoring organizations, independently performs all organizational aspects of providing social assistance, indiscriminate financial assistance to low-income families and single people. At the same time, localities are responsible for solving environmental problems in their territories and improving the material condition of the population, involving them in greening and cleaning, and conducting explanatory and educational activities among the local population on environmental protection.

The citizens’ assembly operates on the basis of the charter approved by it. Coordination of the activities of citizens’ self-government bodies is carried out by the republican council headed by the Prime Minister and regional councils headed by governors.

The council consists of an elder, his deputies (consultants for the elderly and veterans and youth issues), advisers, responsible secretary, a specialist of the district women’s committee on working with women and strengthening moral and moral values in families, preventive inspectors, heads of the village medical center. If the elder’s report is heard every quarter and his activity is considered unsatisfactory, the authority of the elder will be prematurely terminated by the decision of the assembly of citizens (meeting of representatives) [8].

In the system of institutions of civil society, the role of self-governing bodies (makhalla) is incomparable. Indeed, “...self-governing bodies are our future. If we want to build a civil society, these bodies will be the foundation that will form its foundations. We started building these foundations today” [9]. Unlike most countries, the neighborhood institution has been tested for thousands of years and is developing as a social phenomenon that unites the population.

The neighborhood has been carrying out oriental traditions, customs and rituals from generation to generation. In addition to youth organizations, social institutions of the neighborhood play an important role in the upbringing, development, and spiritual growth of young people. The “Mahalla” institute is being studied in depth by the United Nations and its specialized institutions, various international organizations, the world’s leading scientific research institutes and scientific centers, higher educational institutions, and international experts. The importance of this institute in the life of young people has been recognized by many international experts, scientists and researchers.

On the basis of the decision “On measures to further develop the cooperation of the family institution and citizens’ self-government bodies with educational institutions in raising a perfect generation”, an updated concept of “Family-



Neighborhood-Educational Institution” cooperation public councils was developed.

For the first time, about a thousand girls from needy families were admitted to higher education institutions on the basis of special state grants. The role of self-governing bodies in identifying families in need of such assistance is important.

In conclusion, the healthy and well-rounded growth of the young generation, which ensures its future, plays a decisive role in the development of any society. For this reason, we rely on our young people who are mature in every way, who have mastered modern knowledge and skills, and who are determined and enterprising to further increase the scope and effectiveness of our reforms.

In a word, a comprehensive and continuous system is being created that will support a child from birth to the age of 30 and help him find a worthy place in life.

The world’s experience shows that the investment spent on raising the young generation to adulthood in all respects will bring ten, hundred times more benefits to the society. As a result of the reforms carried out today, the scope of activities of citizens’ self-government bodies is expanding.

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