GENDER INCLUSION AND DEVELOPMENT OPPORTUNITIES FOR WOMEN IN CURRENT SCENARIOS

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ABSTRACT

This paper highlighted on gender inclusion and the development opportunities for women have taken center stage in the discourse on social progress. Defined by United Nations Women as the assurance of equal opportunities and participation for all genders in societal aspects, this study explores these themes in contemporary scenarios. Utilizing an exploratory research design, the study reviews secondary sources such as academic papers and scholarly articles to map the landscape of gender inclusion and the development avenues available for women. This methodology facilitates a deep understanding by leveraging existing knowledge and insights, aiming to present a comprehensive view of the progress, challenges, and future prospects in gender inclusion and women's development. The conclusion focuses on India, highlighting its constitutional, legal, and empowerment efforts across various sectors, while pointing out persisting challenges such as socio-economic disparities. It underscores the importance of empowering women and creating a more equitable society.

KEY WORDS: Gender Equality, Women's Empowerment, Inclusion, Opportunities

INTRODUCTION

In an era marked by calls for equality and inclusivity, the discourse on gender inclusion and the development opportunities for women has emerged as a cornerstone of contemporary social progress. Gender inclusion, as defined by United Nations Women (2021), refers to the practice of ensuring equal opportunities, access, and participation for individuals of all genders in various aspects of society. This concept encompasses recognizing and addressing the diverse needs, experiences, and contributions of individuals, regardless of their gender identity or expression. The ultimate goal of gender inclusion is to create an environment where everyone can thrive without prejudice, stereotypes, or barriers. In recent times, there has been a growing awareness of the importance of women's development in fostering societal progress. This development includes economic, social, political, and educational growth, all of which significantly contribute to overall progress. As stated by the International Labour Organization (ILO, 2021), empowering women and promoting gender equality can lead to increased productivity, income generation, and economic growth. Moreover, it can result in improved social well-being, stronger families and communities, as well as a more stable political environment. Despite these advancements, numerous challenges persist in achieving gender inclusion and providing development opportunities for women. These challenges manifest in various forms, including gender pay gaps, limited access to education and healthcare, and underrepresentation in decision-making positions. Addressing these obstacles is crucial for creating a more equitable and inclusive society that empowers women to reach their full potential and contribute significantly to societal progress. The journey toward true gender equality requires ongoing effort, leadership accountability, and a

collective commitment to fostering diversity and inclusion at all levels.

REVIEW OF LITERATURE

Fernandez, R. et.al (2021) this paper explores various dimensions and sources of gender inequality, presenting policies and best practices for addressing these issues. Highlighting that women comprise fifty percent of the global population, it argues that inclusive growth is unattainable without promoting gender equality. Despite advancements, gender disparities persist across life stages, adversely affecting women's health, education, and economic outcomes. The authors advocate for gender equality through legal reforms, policies ensuring equal access, and initiatives to challenge deep-rooted social norms, considering the implications of digitalization, climate change, and pandemics.

METHODOLOGY

This study employs an exploratory research design to delve into the topic of Gender Inclusion and Development Opportunities for Women in contemporary scenarios. By conducting a thorough review of secondary sources, including academic papers, previous research studies, and relevant scholarly articles, the research aims to map the current landscape of gender inclusion and opportunities available for women's development. This approach facilitates comprehensive understanding by drawing on existing knowledge and insights within the field. The methodology is designed to identify, analyze, and synthesize the findings from various studies to offer a consolidated view of the progress, challenges, and prospects concerning gender inclusion and women's development in today's context.



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CURRENT STATE OF GENDER INCLUSION

In India, the quest for gender inclusion presents a complex tapestry of significant progress entwined with persistent challenges. The nation has seen commendable advancements in women's rights and participation across various sectors, propelled by policy reforms, educational achievements, and vibrant social movements aimed at fostering gender equality. Such efforts are gradually yielding results, especially in enhancing female education and healthcare. Nonetheless, these benefits are not uniformly experienced across the country, with socio-economic, cultural, and political barriers still obstructing gender parity, especially within rural and marginalized communities. Concurrently, revolution offers a paradoxical scenario: it serves as a catalyst for women's empowerment through access to digital education, telemedicine, and e-commerce, yet it also underscores the digital divide. A considerable number of Indian women are marginalized from this digital boon due to socio-economic limitations and a lack of digital literacy, further entrenching gender disparities and limiting their participation in the digital economy. To navigate these complexities, India requires context-specific, nuanced strategies that not only embrace technology as a tool for gender inclusion but also earnestly address the digital divide. Initiatives aimed at enhancing digital literacy and access, coupled with ongoing efforts to dismantle socio-cultural obstacles, are vital to empower Indian women and girls fully, enabling them to leverage digitalization's benefits for greater equality and empowerment.

DEVELOPMENT OPPORTUNITIES FOR WOMEN

The landscape of development opportunities for women is multifaceted, encapsulating the essential avenues through which women can realize their full potential and contribute to societal advancement. Central aspects include:

- 1. **Economic Empowerment:** Economic empowerment is foundational for women's development, advocating for equal access to employment, entrepreneurial opportunities, and financial resources. As delineated by Duflo (2012), economic empowerment is not only about achieving financial independence but also about creating conditions under which women can make life choices freely and autonomously.
- 2. **Political Representation:** Ensuring women's participation in political decision-making is crucial for reflective and inclusive governance. Krook and Mackay (2011) argue that political representation goes beyond numerical presence to encompass the influence women have in shaping policy and legislative agendas, emphasizing the need for substantive representation.
- 3. Access to Education: Education stands as a critical pathway for personal and societal growth. Fuller (2007) posits that access to comprehensive education for women and girls catalyzes empowerment, enabling them to challenge traditional roles and participate more fully in economic and political spheres.
- 4. **Health Care:** Access to health care, particularly reproductive health services, is fundamental to women's autonomy and well-being. According to Sen (2009),

- health care access is a critical component of development, empowering women to make informed decisions about their bodies and futures.
- 5. Legal reforms: Legal reforms play a crucial role in advancing gender equality and protecting women's rights. By advocating for gender-sensitive laws, we aim to create a legislative framework that not only recognizes but also actively supports the unique needs and challenges faced by women. Equally important is the strengthening of laws against gender-based violence, a pervasive issue that undermines the safety, dignity, and freedom of women worldwide.

OPPORTUNITIES FOR ENHANCING GENDER INCLUSION

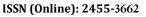
Advancing gender inclusion in today's society demands a comprehensive strategy that encompasses policy innovation, grassroots activism, and corporate engagement. Notable policy reforms, such as enforcing equal pay, providing parental leave, and safeguarding against discrimination, have significantly contributed to narrowing gender gaps. The introduction of gender quotas in politics and business has further encouraged female participation in leadership, highlighting policy's role in enhancing gender inclusivity. Similarly, grassroots and community movements are crucial in driving women's development, particularly through initiatives focused on improving access to education, healthcare, and economic opportunities. These movements leverage local insights and collective efforts to challenge prevailing norms and foster women's progress, their effectiveness amplified by broader support and international collaboration.

In the corporate realm, commitment to workplace inclusivity is critical. Practices like diversity policies, bias training, and mentorship programs are making workplaces more equitable, though challenges like unconscious bias and structural impediments to women's advancement remain. Companies prioritizing gender inclusion not only support social advancement but also enjoy benefits like increased innovation and employee satisfaction, making inclusivity a smart business strategy. These strategies across policy, community, and corporate sectors outline a holistic path towards gender equality. Continuous innovation, engagement, and accountability from all societal sectors are essential for building a more inclusive world for all genders.

CONSTITUTION PROVISIONS FOR WOMEN DEVELOPMENT

India's Constitution stands as a testament to the nation's dedication to fostering an inclusive society where women's rights and opportunities for development are prioritized. It lays out a comprehensive legal framework that champions the cause of gender equality and the empowerment of women across various spheres of life.

1. Central to this legal framework is Article 14, which enshrines the principle of equality before the law and the equal protection of the laws, setting a precedent for non-discriminatory practices. Article 15 further strengthens this stance by outlawing discrimination based on religion, race, caste, sex, or place of birth, with a specific provision in clause (3) enabling the state to enact special measures



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for the benefit of women and children. This acknowledges the necessity of rectifying longstanding gender imbalances and social injustices.

- 2. Article 16 complements these by ensuring equal opportunity for all citizens in employment and office appointments under the state, emphasizing the significance of fair employment practices for women. The Directive Principles, especially noted in Article 39(a), require the state to guarantee that both men and women have the right to a decent livelihood. Simultaneously, Article 39(d) advocates for equal pay for equal work, reinforcing the nation's commitment to economic justice and gender equity in the workforce.
- 3. Article 42 mandates the state to ensure humane working conditions and maternity support, recognizing the importance of accommodating the unique biological and societal roles of women. Finally, Article 51(A)(e) highlights the moral obligation of every citizen to reject behaviors that diminish the dignity of women, thus promoting a cultural shift towards gender respect and equality.

CONCLUSION

This research highlights the gender equality in India, emphasizing the country's efforts through its constitution, legal reforms, and empowerment initiatives in various sectors like the economy, politics, education, and healthcare. Despite these significant efforts, challenges remain, including socioeconomic gaps, the digital divide, and cultural barriers, all of which demand specific strategies for overcoming them. The study underscores the importance of policy innovations, community activism, and corporate responsibility in promoting gender inclusion. Achieving gender equality is a continuous process that requires everyone's commitment to diversity and inclusion. Through innovative and inclusive approaches, India aims to empower women and build a fairer society for all.

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