

Chief Editor

Dr. A. Singaraj, M.A., M.Phil., Ph.D.
Editor

Mrs.M.Josephin Immaculate Ruba Editorial Advisors

Dr.Yi-Lin Yu, Ph. D
 Associate Professor,
 Department of Advertising & Public Relations,
 Fu Jen Catholic University,
 Taipei, Taiwan.

2. Dr.G. Badri Narayanan, PhD, Research Economist, Center for Global Trade Analysis, Purdue University, West Lafayette, Indiana, USA.

3. Dr. Gajendra Naidu. J., M.Com, IL.M., M.B.A., PhD. MHRM Professor & Head, Faculty of Finance, Botho University, Gaborone Campus, Botho Education Park, Kgale, Gaborone, Botswana.

4. Dr. Ahmed Sebihi
Associate Professor
Islamic Culture and Social Sciences (ICSS),
Department of General Education (DGE),
Gulf Medical University (GMU), UAE.

Dr. Pradeep Kumar Choudhury,
 Assistant Professor,
 Institute for Studies in Industrial Development,
 An ICSSR Research Institute,
 New Delhi- 110070.India.

6. Dr. Sumita Bharat Goyal
Assistant Professor,
Department of Commerce,
Central University of Rajasthan,
Bandar Sindri, Dist-Ajmer,
Rajasthan, India

 Dr. C. Muniyandi, M.Sc., M. Phil., Ph. D, Assistant Professor, Department of Econometrics, School of Economics, Madurai Kamaraj University, Madurai-625021, Tamil Nadu, India.

8. Dr. B. Ravi Kumar,
Assistant Professor
Department of GBEH,
Sree Vidyanikethan Engineering College,
A.Rangampet, Tirupati,
Andhra Pradesh, India

9. Dr. Gyanendra Awasthi, M.Sc., Ph.D., NET
Associate Professor & HOD
Department of Biochemistry,
Dolphin (PG) Institute of Biomedical & Natural Sciences,
Dehradun, Uttarakhand, India.

10. Dr. D.K. Awasthi, M.SC., Ph.D. Associate Professor Department of Chemistry, Sri J.N.P.G. College, Charbagh, Lucknow, Uttar Pradesh. India ISSN (Online): 2455 - 3662 SJIF Impact Factor: 3.967

EPRA International Journal of

Multidisciplinary Research

Monthly Peer Reviewed & Indexed International Online Journal

Volume: 2 Issue: 12 December 2016



CC License





SJIF Impact Factor: 3.967

Volume: 2 | Issue: 12 | December 2016

HUMAN RIGHT AND ELDERLY IN GLOBAL AGE

Yogeshwar G.Pikalmunde¹

¹Research Scholar, Department of Sociology, RTM Nagpur University, Nagpur, Maharashtra, India

ABSTRACT

The rights which are inherent in our nature of human beings. Human right are not created by any legislative, they assume the position of natural rights. Social rights are genuine human rights of human being including rights economic, social (Article 2 and 3), work appropriation and decent work.

Article 22 is mainly for right to social security. Art 4 include within limit of its economic, capacity of its economic and development, effective provision per securing the rights to work, to education and to public assistance in case of unemployment old age sickness and disablement and in other cases of old person.

KEYWORDS: human rights, socio-economic status, Gender description, women

INTRODUCTION

In recent years, there is a significant advocacy efforts calling for enhanced international thinking and action on the human rights of older persons. Various stakeholders have called for more visibility and increased use of international human rights standards for old women and men.

Every year there is addition in the number of old people in the world. Therefore its global problem which touch the sensitive issue of human being. Unfortunately this increase in numbers has also showed light on the lack of adequate protection mechanisms and on the existing gaps in policies and programmes to address the situation of older persons. Today, two-thirds of the world's older people live in low-and middle-income countries and this proportion will rise to 80 per cent by 2050. At international level to take the cognizance of this issue, there is a need of international human rights.

Old people are affected regarding discrimination, such as sex, socio-economic status, ethnicity, or health status. Various old person issues and problems identify by human rights commission and cover the exposure of human rights.



THE HUMAN RIGHTS AND ELDERLY

In the world, generally every country is getting awareness about elderly. Those countries in developed status lifted some human rights for elderly.

Many governments have support systems in place for elderly persons such as social security and free or discounted medical care. These demographic trends create unique challenges for all people, particularly for the governments of nation-states around the globe. Elderly individuals are often subject to discrimination and abuse because they are perceived as easily taken advantage of. There is also a prevalent belief among many that elderly persons are worthless in today's fast-paced, globalized and increasingly industrialized world. Obviously, with the number of elderly people on earth at any one time rising rapidly, there is an increased urgency to

address the rights and roles of elderly persons in our world.



RIGHTS OF ELDERLY

- 1. Right to security-every old person has authority and basic natural right to get security in society from all aspects. They should be securing economical, socially and psychologically.
- 2. Right to healthcare-Healthcare right is primary and essential to every old person to protect health and be fit and happy. Free medical treatment, cognizance of their problems are inserted in this right.
- Right to an adequate standard of living-The fulfillment of basic need to the elderly is mentioned in the code of human rights. Appropriate status is required to them in society.
- 4. Right to non-discrimination-They elderly can't neglect a discriminate on these issues. There are various provisions on violations of these rules. Gender description, ignorance, diverted from society etc can protect from this right.
- 5. Right to participation-As per this right, every old man, women have right to participate in the functions, program organized by family and society.
- 6. Right to be free from torture or cruel, inhuman or degrading treatment-Elderly can't exploit, ignore, exhausted from ill treatment. If it is noticed, there is a provision of punishment and penalty to the culprit. Many agencies protect the basic human rights of old person.

At international level, it can be maintain by treaty, agreement, convention and certain protocol.

The relevant situations to embarrass governments by negative public exposure; governments who care about their international image may consequently adapt their policies for old person.

Following are the common organizations to protect the rights of elderly-

- 1. United Nations-There are different article for elderly like article 55, 3, 22, 25, 27
- 2. Convention Relating to the Status of Refugees (1951) (article 24)

- 3. International Covenant on Economic, Social and Cultural Rights (1966) (article 9, 11, 12)
- 4. Declaration on the Rights of Disabled Persons (1975) (article 5, 9, 10, 12)
- 5. ILO Recommendation No. 162 concerning Older Workers (1980)
- Declaration on the Elimination of Violence Against Women (1993)

IMPORTANCE OF HUMAN RIGHTS FOR ELDERLY

- It focus on the life activities of old man, women and for their betters situation in society.
- Fulfillment the basic needs with natural resources.
- 3) To provide all things to every old person through society and courtesy.
- 4) There should be the base to non violence and self control.
- 5) Useful to social economical and political, cultural life of elderly.

CONCLUSION

Human rights are rights inherent to all human beings, whatever our nationality, place of residence, sex, national or ethnic origin, colour, religion, language, or any other status. We are all equally entitled to our human rights without discrimination. These rights are all interrelated, interdependent and indivisible.

Universal human rights are often expressed and guaranteed by law, in the forms of treaties, customary international law, general principles and other sources of international law. International human rights law lays down obligations of Governments to act in certain ways or to refrain from certain acts, in order to promote and protect human rights and fundamental freedoms of individuals or groups.

There is a need of time to provide and implementing or maintaining protection programs for their elderly citizenry like the social security system medicare, a healthcare system for people ages 65 and older. Also various government and non-government agencies focus and work for old people.



REFERENCE

- 1) P. Sukumaran nair, 'Human rights in changing world, Karpar publication, delhi.
- 2) O.P. Dhaman 'Understanding Human Rights' Kapar publication, New Delhi.
- 3) Kruth, Peter, Food riotoec to return.
- 4) Bntanica Ready Referce, Enpsyciropidea Vol. S, New Delhi
- 5) John Stott, understanding the Bible GLS publishing , Mumbai.