



KNOT THEORETIC CLOSURE FOR A DEFINITE METRIC IN A FINITE TIME

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ABSTRACT

Any topological space endowed with a metric (H, g) for a Euler-Poincare' polyhedral equation RHS of $\mathcal{X} \equiv 2 - 2g = 0$ for the throat ∂ can twist in and out from the genus by making a knot for a time evolution $\{T \nearrow\} \ll \infty$ for a transition from ΔN to NM .

KEYWORDS: Genus – Twist – Closure – Knot

METHODOLOGY

Considering a topological space H with a metric signature (H, g) in the geometries^[1],

$\Omega > 1$ applicable

$\Omega < 1$ applicable

$\Omega = 1$ not – applicable

For a generator of the evolution Δ there exists, over a genus parameterization $\mu > 0$ satisfying Euler Polyhedral equation RHS of $\mathcal{X} = 0$ in a finite evolution of time $\{T \nearrow\}$; the generator Δ takes a finite period for the operation of twisting to complete^[2],

$$\int_{\bar{\nearrow}}$$

$$\int_{\bar{\searrow}}$$

Such that for any twist, there exists two operations; the 'in' operation $\bar{\nearrow}$ where the manifold bends by entering into the genus $\bar{\nearrow}$ and the 'out' operation $\bar{\searrow}$; such that $\bar{\nearrow}, \bar{\searrow}$ exists as a subset of \nearrow as $\bar{\nearrow}, \bar{\searrow} \subset \nearrow$ for the evolution period $\{T \nearrow\}$ over a metric representation (H, g) in such a way that there exists a generation of a 'throat' or a 'space arising out of deforming the metric (H, g) ' for a structure formulation of that generating throat having an affine value $\partial^{m,n}$ where the representation takes place as^[3],

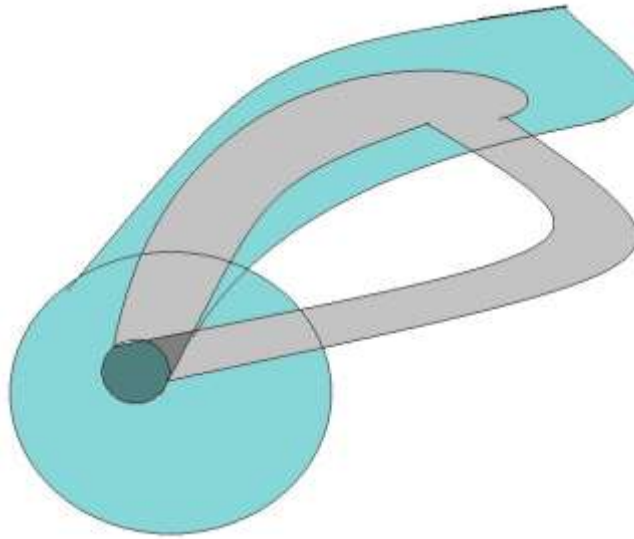


Figure: The representation of the ‘in’ and ‘out’ of the topological manifold that closed via a closure thereby with twists from the original manifold having extensions makes a knot of Euler – Poincare characterises 1 as in the Trefoil case of Knot.

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