



ANALYSIS OF DOMINANT FACTORS AFFECTING ADOLESCENTS USING DRUGS IN THE HUTAURUK VILLAGE, SIPOHOLON SUBDISTRICT

Berlianti¹

¹Department of Social Welfare, Faculty of Social and Political Sciences, University of Sumatra Utara (USU), Indonesia

Tuti Atika²

²Department of Social Welfare, Faculty of Social and Political Sciences, University of Sumatra Utara (USU), Indonesia

Tonny Hendra Nadeak³

³Universitas Prima Indonesia, Medan, Indonesia

ABSTRACT

The problem of drug abuse is a serious problem. This problem is not only a national problem and some countries. But the problem of drug abuse has become a problem throughout the world. Many cases that show the results of these problems have caused many losses, both material and non material. The incident could have been a case of divorce, robbery, murder or other difficulties and to the death. Adolescence is a period that is vulnerable to environmental influences. If adolescence is well directed, then the teenager will become an individual who is both morally and spiritually. But if adolescence is not well directed, then the teenager does not have a bad period and is easily plunged into drug abuse. To be able to prevent drug abuse, especially among adolescents, it must be known in advance the root of the problem. What are the most dominant factors that influence adolescents using drugs. Only then can a solution be found. This research was conducted in Hutaauruk Village, Sipoholon District, North Tapanuli Regency, North Sumatra Province. This research is a descriptive study, where the main informants in this study were adolescents who were victims of drug abuse as many as five people, one key informant was the head of the village of Hutaauruk, and additional informants were one community leader and one religious leader. Data collection techniques with literature study, field studies, in-depth interviews and observation. The results showed that the dominant factor in drug abuse among adolescents in Hutaauruk Village, Sipoholon District, North Tapanuli Regency, North Sumatra Province was peer influence. While other factors are personality disorders, religiosity, age, availability of drugs themselves, family and neighborhood.

KEYWORDS: *Teenagers, Drugs, Drug Abuse, Family, Environment*

INTRODUCTION

In Indonesia, the problem of drug abuse at the end of this year has only increased, as evidenced by the increasing number of reports through the media. Both in the mass media and in the electronic media, which almost every day tells about the arrest of the perpetrators of drug abuse by the security forces. Data obtained from the National Anti-Narcotics Movement (Grenade) states, throughout 2017 there were 26,458 cases of drug abuse consisting of: 17,620 narcotics cases, 1,599 psychotropic cases, and 7,239 cases of addictive substances. Meanwhile, the number of suspects related to drug cases reached 32,743 people.

On the other hand, the National Anti-Narcotics Movement (Grenade) noted that as many as 50 people per day died from drugs.

The results of a National Narcotics Agency (BNN) study in collaboration with the University of Indonesia health center in 2012 also recorded a national prevalence rate (drug abuse) of 1.99% of Indonesia's population (3.6 million people)). This has become one of the reasons why Indonesia is no longer a transit country but has become a large drug market nation especially with a high price (great market, great price), so that Indonesia is more vulnerable to becoming a

paradise for drug syndicates (BNNP-North Sumatra, 2016).

At present, 250 new types of drugs have emerged into Indonesia where there are four million drug users and most of the productive age. Indonesia is allegedly ranked the fourth largest drug user in the world and every year the number continues to increase. BNN also released data of 10-20 years old groups as active users and there was an increase of 2.5 percent of new users where every year an increase of one percent of new users.

Basically, narcotics circulation in Indonesia when viewed from a legal aspect is its existence. Narcotics Act only prohibits the use of narcotics without permission by the intended law. This situation in empirical reality its use is often misused, and not for the sake of health but further than that, which is used as a business object and has an impact on mental activities, both physically and psychologically the younger generation.

One of the vulnerable groups to get swept away is the teenagers. Adolescence is a child who experiences rapid changes in all fields, involving changes in body, feelings, intelligence, social attitudes and personality. They are easily influenced because in teenagers there are many changes and emotional instability tends to cause mischievous behavior. Similarly, those aged 21 years to 25 years, according to Dr. Zakiah Daradjat, although from physical development and intelligence has been truly mature and emotionally stable, in terms of the maturity of religion and ideology is still in the process of strengthening (Supramono, 2014: 4).

Adolescents in general have a high curiosity so often want to try, fantasize, and feel nervous, and dare to fight if they feel ignored or not considered. For that, they really need exemplary, consistency, and sincere and empathetic communication from adults. Often adolescents perform acts according to their own norms because they witness too much inconsistency in the community by adults. This has an effect on adolescent behavior including smoking, free sex, gambling, drinking and taking drugs (Lukitaningsih: 2013: 60).

In the perspective of psychological development of adolescence is indeed a dangerous period, because at this time a person experiences a transition or transition from the lives of children to maturity that is often marked by personality crises. Physical and psychological changes that are very fast causing internal anxiety, for example changes in roles, arising stress, encouragement to get freedom, emotional shock, prominent curiosity, the existence of excessive fantasy, strong group ties and identity crisis ([http / /www.bkkbn.co.id](http://www.bkkbn.co.id), accessed on 04 February 2018. at 20.50).

Sociologically, adolescents are generally very vulnerable to external influences. Because of the process of searching for identity, they are easily swayed, and still find it difficult to determine their role models. Teenagers are also easily influenced by the lifestyle of the surrounding community. Due to unstable

psychiatric conditions and adolescents are easily affected. They tend to take shortcuts and do not want to bother thinking about the negative effects. In various metropolitan communities and big cities, do not be surprised if the rah-rah, free sex, smoking marijuana and other addictive tend to easily tease the teens.

Family conditions have an influence on the occurrence of drug abuse in adolescents. In this case the family condition is characterized by family integrity, parenting activities, interpersonal relationships between families, can be a contributing factor in drug abuse. Families who do not know God, are not in harmony or have too high demands, no family education, no encouragement and guidance for their children, do not know love and affection, lack of family attention is one of the factors causing children or adolescents to be confused himself and can make the teenager become naughty and can also consume drugs (Mastauli, 2007: 44).

Peers also have an influence that can encourage or trigger drug abuse in a person. In many cases, the first introduction to drugs usually comes from a friend. These peers can be school friends, peers and in the community, fellow members of a particular club, group or gang who on average have the same age, characteristics, problems and mindset. The influence of this friend is very difficult to let go of, because it can create attachment and togetherness in adolescents. The influence of this friend is not only felt during the first introduction to drugs, but also causes a teenager to continue to use or experience a relapse.

Hutauruk Village in Sipoholon Subdistrict is one of the tourist destination locations in North Tapanuli, which is a hot spring which is very crowded with tourists from outside Taput. with a very high level of drug abuse. Due to the large number of outsiders coming this allows the rampant drug abuse that occurred in Hutauruk Village due to outside cultural influences that entered the village. Drug abuse is carried out by teenagers, adults and parents. In this village there are many associations of people who use drugs. This then becomes our impetus for conducting more in-depth research to identify and analyze what are the dominant factors that influence adolescents using drugs in the village.

METHOD

This research uses a qualitative research method with a descriptive approach. Qualitative research is defined as research that produces descriptive data on spoken and written words, and observable behavior from the people studied (Suyanto, 2015: 166).

Using the descriptive method will be able to make a comprehensive picture after being identified what are the dominant factors that influence adolescents using drugs in Hutauruk Village, Sipoholon District, North Tapanuli Regency.

Informants are the people chosen to be interviewed or observed in accordance with the researcher's objectives to be able to provide information, data or facts from an object of research. There are two types of informants in this study, namely:

1. Key Informants (Key Informants): people who are considered to know and have a variety of basic information needed in research. The key informant in this study was the Head of Hutaauruk Village.
2. Main Informants: people who are directly involved in the interactions under study. The main informants in this study were 5 adolescent drug abuse victims.

Data collection is done by observation and in-depth interviews. Research data will be analyzed by qualitative methods.

RESULTS AND DISCUSSION

Main Informant I

Name : RM
Place / Date of Birth : Taput, 23 -4- 2001
Ages : 18 years
Occupation : Student
Address : Taput

RM is a second year high school student in North Tapanuli Regency. At RM's school, a person who is quiet and not open with his friends. RM people are lazy to learn, often skip school and lazing around at home. In the school, RM has almost no friends because of the quiet nature he has. His reserved nature is when he sits on the first semester of class 1, but when he enters semester 2, RM starts to be quite open with his classmates, RM befriends naughty friends and is lazy to study. Almost all RM school grades are not good and they are absent so much that the teacher is confused by his behavior. At school, RM had participated in extracurricular activities in the field of drugs, because it happened that his school provided the activity. RM often followed him, but because of his bored person, RM left the activity, he considered the activity static.

RM has found his friends who use marijuana. The school friends he saw were his fellow students. RM had rebuked his friends for not taking the drug because RM knew the danger of the drug would damage their nervous system. RM was even persuaded by his friends to take the drug. RM ignored the persuasion of his friends, because RM ignored the persuasion of his friends. Friends of the RM also ignored the words given by RM, and his friends instead continued to consume the drug. RM did not want to tell his teachers, because RM was afraid his friends would later be punished by the principal.

Regarding Narcotics, RM already knows what drugs are and the dangers posed by drugs considering that RM in schools often participates in extracurricular activities in the field of narcotics. At the beginning of consuming drugs because invited by friends, at that time a friend from RM invited him to attend another friend's birthday party. When the birthday ceremony was almost over, RM friends took several types of drugs to consume together. Initially RM refused because he already knew the dangers of drugs, but because of persuasion and persuasion from his friends who say that if you do not take this drug, you are not our friend anymore. RM began to budge and finally tried the drug for the first time. The first type of drug that was tried by RM was methamphetamine, when

trying this type of drug RM felt excited and full of happiness. RM said that the drug was delicious.

After getting pleasure from these drugs. RM feels addicted to always consume drugs. Friends of the RM who often invited him to play rarely met again because of the busyness of each of his friends. Finally, to satisfy his desire to consume drugs, RM met his school friends who were using drugs to consume drugs together. RM and her school friends often consume drugs in the bathroom or school toilet. They alternately go into the toilet and some of them keep outside the toilet to anticipate if there are other friends who want to use the toilet. To get drugs, RM and his school friends get it near the school too, because their school is close to drug users.

Outside of school activities, RM often plays in internet cafes to play online games such as point blanks. He spends a lot of time in internet cafes every day and rarely goes home, when he goes to school, RM often does not reach his destination and instead plays at the internet cafe ... what RM thinks is only games and games. So that his personality is broken, without thinking about how difficult his parents are to find a fortune so that RM can continue to attend school.

RM has a single parent, a mother. RM's mother and father separated since RM was 3 years old. RM did not know clearly who his father was, when RM started attending school then RM knew the figure of his father when RM entered high school. However, RM's father died due to illness. RM's mother fought alone to be able to meet the needs of RM and her other siblings, before RM's father passed away. RM's father rarely gives a living to mothers and their children. Because she rarely earns money from her husband, RM's mother is working hard to meet the needs of her children.

RM's parents give freedom to RM to get along with anyone, RM's parents rarely ask anyone who is a friend of RM's games. His mother who always works and has not much time to make a little RM get love from his mother. RM is actually not a problem with his mother's lack of affection, considering that his mother has to work hard to meet the family's needs.

In the neighborhood. RM likes to hang out with other friends, RM often gets along with people whose age is far above RM. In his association RM and his friends often make erratic fuss that makes people a little upset with their behavior. neighborhood friends where there are many RM users and drug dealers. RM instead friends with drug users, RM and his friends often drink liquor and use marijuana.

At home, RM often asks for money from his mother with the excuse of doing group work. The money that RM gets from his mother he often uses to play internet cafes and buy drugs with his neighborhood friends. RM and his friends buy drugs in a place that is already a place that is very prone to drug trafficking. After getting the drug. RM and his friends often consume drugs at the drug dealer directly.

But the economic limitations possessed by RM's mother made her unable to provide more allowance. RM is very confused about where to get

money to consume drugs. Friends of RM suggest to get money, they steal near the house. RM and his friends committed theft near the house to be able to buy drugs.

Main Informant II

Name : ARS
 Place / Date of Birth : Taput, 13 -8- 1999
 Ages : 20 years
 Job : drop out of college
 Address : Taput

ARS studied at one of the private universities in Medan. ARS is quite a smart kid. During college, ARS was happy to gather with his campus friends. ARS is a child who likes to get along and is modest. When he was in Medan, ARS lived in boarding houses not far from his campus.

ARS is friends with anyone without exception. But in his association ARS associates with the wrong friends, ARS friends often invite him to drink with the excuse to stay on. Initially ARS refused to drink it, but with the persuasion of his friends. ARS finally wants to drink, because of the frequency of drinking, ARS and his friends are dependent to always drink it.

After consuming alcohol often, ARS and his friends tried to find a way to stay on and endure by switching to marijuana and crystal meth. ARS is very easily influenced by his friends to always consume drugs. ARS befriends drug users until he finally uses drugs.

The reason why ARS has to consume drugs is to relieve stress due to conflicts that occur in his family. In ARS families there are often small but exaggerated conflicts. ARS's father and mother were divorced when he was 1 year old. ARS has been with her mother for 12 years, and ARS feels sad why her parents got divorced.

To consume drugs, ARS often uses his monthly money to buy drugs. ARS and his friends raise money together to be able to buy drugs. The drugs they bought can be obtained from drug dealers not far from their campus environment. ARS often borrowed his friends' money to buy drugs, and ARS asked his parents more monthly money.

ARS has a girlfriend who has been with him for years. ARS's girlfriend knows that she has used drugs. ARS girlfriends often advise ARS not to use drugs, but the statement was ignored by ARS. ARS's girlfriend is sad to have a drug user boyfriend, but ARS's girlfriend doesn't want to leave ARS alone in this condition. His girlfriend wants to see ARS not taking drugs. The ARS boyfriend then tells the ARS parent.

Can not stand the nature and behavior of their children who consume drugs and often ask for more monthly money without a clear reason. ARS's parents then sent him home and were not allowed to continue his studies.

In Medan ARS and his friends consume drugs in the other boarding friends. In the boarding houses they use cannabis and methamphetamine. In consuming the drug, they were accompanied by one of the

employees in the campus environment. The employee suggested that they buy the drug to a drug dealer.

Main Informant III

Name : ADS
 Place / Date of Birth : Taput, 16 -2- 2001
 Ages : 18 years
 Occupation : Student
 Address : Taput

ADS is the third child of 5 siblings. ADS has 2 younger siblings, ADS family life is harmonious. His parents are very concerned about their children and want their children to become successful people. The other ADS families are also very kind to them. In the house, ADS is a good child and is devoted to the family.

The conflict then arose when ADS's father began to like playing gambling. ADS's father started to pay no attention to his family and had fought as a result of playing gambling. The actions of an ADS father who likes to play gambling are also followed by his children. Children are affected because they often see their father playing gambling, and finally ADS and others like to gamble with other friends.

At school ADS is a naughty student, lazy to study and often skips school. ADS did this, until ADS has moved schools 3 times. ADS feels tired of attending school and wants to quit school. The act of ADS was done because ADS saw the actions of his father who always played gambling, and less attention to ADS and others.

At school, ADS makes friends with naughty schoolmates too, they often make a fuss in the school, until the school often punishes them for their actions who like to disturb other friends. ADS and his friends often skip school and play to internet cafes. They assume at school there is nothing to be gained but study. They are very happy to play around to forget school and study at home.

In the neighborhood of ADS, there is also a naughty, ADS and his friends in the neighborhood often make noise and theft at his place of residence. Residents are bored with the behavior of ADS and his friends, and consider their actions as a form of ignorance of their parents to them. In the neighborhood where ADS lives there are many drug users and there are drug dealers.

Regarding drugs, ADS does not know him clearly. ADS does not know what type of drug, its uses and the dangers of using it. ADS has never gotten that information from anyone, be it from parents or family and the school has never provided information about drugs. ADS first found out what a drug is in 2016, ADS learned about it from a friend of ADS in the neighborhood.

In 2016, a friend of ADS brought drugs to ADS while gathering at one of the homes of ADS friends. At that time ADS saw something like white and fine flour. ADS asked other friends, and ADS friends answered that what ADS saw was drug. ADS friends try to persuade ADS to consume drugs, ADS friends say that if you consume this item, you will get better,

the burden on your mind will soon disappear. At first ADS refused to take it, but with remarks delivered by his friend who said that if you take drugs, your feelings will be calmer. Eventually ADS was affected to consume it.

At the time of taking drugs for the first time, the ADS feeling troubled began to be released from his mind. ADS feels happy or happy and problems that accumulate can be forgotten for a few moments.

ADS and its friends continue to use it, until ADS is addicted to using the drug. Drug addiction makes ADS more and more involved, as a result ADS often asks for more allowance from their parents. The allowance given by ADS parents was used to buy drugs.

ADS mother did not give more allowance to him, because of poor economic conditions. At the time ADS parents did not give him allowance anymore. ADS was confused and didn't know where else to find money. ADS is increasingly unable to eliminate its drug addiction. The confusion that ADS has because there is no money to buy drugs makes ADS friends provide solutions by theft. Initially ADS refused to commit theft, but because of drug addiction, ADS had to participate in stealing.

The act of consuming drugs continues to be carried out by ADS without thinking about the dangers posed by these drugs. Drugs consumption is not only done by ADS in his residence with his friends.

Main Informant IV

Name : MS
 Place / Date of Birth : Taput, 16 -2- 2000
 Age : 19 years
 Occupation : Student
 Address : Taput

MS is one of the high school students in North Tapanuli, but MS only went to school for 2 years and quit school. The reason for dropping out of school was because he was fired from his school due to frequent absent from school and his grades were very bad. This MS is indeed classified as people who are lazy to study, naughty, often fight in school, like to disturb their schoolmates.

Narcotics, psychotropic substances and other addictive substances personally MS does not know, know what exactly the meaning, benefits and dangers of the drug when consumed. Beginning with trying to smoke during school in junior high school first, MS has friends in the school associates who every day smoke behind their classrooms in a way of hiding for fear of being caught by class teachers. The reliability of MS at that time was not so much that he was involved in drug use, because his schoolmates were only half-naughty.

The actual beginning of this MS began to recognize and consume drugs since he entered high school class in Tarutung. Many of his school friends consume marijuana because it is easily available at low prices, at that time the price of marijuana was only Rp: 10,000 / amp which could be divided into 3 rolls or put in 3 cigarettes to be smoked. The activity of buying marijuana with friends is often done by MS with other

friends which results in them being addicted to continue consuming marijuana. Beginning with curiosity and free offers from his friends, MS also tried to consume the drug until finally consuming it frequently.

Outside of the past school activities, MS often plays at internet cafes and plays online games such as point blanks. He spends a lot of time in the internet cafe every day and rarely returns home, often leaving the cafe for school. All that is in MS's mind are games and games that cause her personality to be damaged.

MS still has both parents, her parents are very concerned about MS and her other siblings. MS parents always give what their children like, the most important thing for their parents is that their children's happiness can be fulfilled. MS always asks for what she wants, even her parents never ask what money her child gives her.

MS school friends are only a few who use drugs, type of marijuana. MS is more involved in drug use because of her friends in her home environment in the Sipoholon area, where the area is known for its high circulation and drug use. Initially MS was invited by her friends together to consume Shabu-shabu, then drank liquor somewhere, until finally MS also began to like and was interested in wanting to consume the item again. MS often join and gather with other user friends and they always buy these items by collecting money together.

Almost every day they consume the methamphetamine. Where they often consume these drugs in one of his friend's internet cafe in the back room of the house. Not only MS's male friends consume the methamphetamine, there are also their female friends who use it.

Main Informant V

Name : AH
 Place / Date of Birth : Taput, 10 -7-2003
 Ages : 16 years
 Occupation : Student
 Address : Taput

AH is the third child of 4 siblings, he is still sitting in the 2nd grade high school. At school AH is a lazy student and naughty, his behavior is often reprimanded by his teacher. AH values are destroyed and AH has stayed behind because of its reliability. AH often skips school and plays at internet cafes, and plays with his friends.

AH likes to gather with friends who are older than his age, AH thinks if he befriends an older age than him, he will feel like getting an activity carried out by an older person. AH friends often ask him to use cigarettes on the grounds that if you use cigarettes it will look more manly. AH was finally melted by the words of his friends and wanted to smoke a cigarette.

In the family, AH is always considered by his parents. His parents always provide affection by monitoring AH activities in the neighborhood, AH parents always give what is asked by their children, AH parents assume by giving what their children want to make their children become better and will not naughty, but in reality the deeds his parents who always give

what their child likes that makes AH spoiled and always wants his requests fulfilled.

When AH started taking drugs in 2015, AH got drugs from his gamemates. His friends instigated AH by saying if taking drugs will always be ON. AH finally melted and wanted to take drugs with his friends. The drug was found by his friend from near the house, because it happened that their neighborhood was close to the drug dealer. AH's friends often invited him to take the same drugs at his friend's house. The drugs that were first used by AH were methamphetamine and cannabis. This type of drug is widely marketed near their homes.

AH began to feel the effects of the drug that made him stay stamina, AH was finally addicted to the drug and always wanted to consume it. AH returned to meet his friends to consume drugs, but his friends did not have the drug because of their limited money. AH's friends told AH to ask for more allowance to join in order to buy drugs, AH and his friends looked for various reasons to be able to get money. AH asks for more allowance on the grounds there is an additional task of making assignments from the internet. AH and his friends get money to buy drugs and they use drugs.

AH is always looking for reasons to be able to get money in order to buy drugs, AH's parents began not to give more allowance on the grounds that their children were less clear giving a reason for what the allowance was added. AH began to be confused because he could not get more money to consume drugs. AH met his friends, but the fate of his friends the same as he did not get more money.

Dependency makes AH more confused where to get drugs to be consumed, finally meeting his school friends who use drugs, incidentally when AH met his schoolmates, AH school friends were using drugs in the bathroom, AH also asked to join them. AH's friend finally allowed him to join them in taking drugs. They took turns taking drugs and guarding the bathroom, they were afraid that if no one guarded the bathroom the other schoolmates would feel suspicious. They finished consuming drugs and returned to their classes.

AH can not be separated from drug addiction and always want to use it. When he felt this way, AH was confused about where to get drugs and often met his friends, but none of his friends could give drugs. AH's friends advised him to steal his parents' money so he could buy drugs. AH became justifies any means to be able to buy drugs, AH also agreed with the words of his friends who suggested stealing his parents' money.

AH started stealing his parents 'money quietly so as not to get caught, AH stole his parents' money in the closet when his parents started to rest or when he left the house. The money is usually used directly by AH to buy drugs with his friends, AH has friends whose parents are drug dealers. AH often uses drugs at his friend's house when he gets money. AH always steals money from his parents so he can buy drugs. AH's parents had seen AH enter their room and asked AH, but the answer was to clean the parents' bed.

Key Informant

The key informant in this study was Mr. Head of Hutaaruk Village, Mr. Frits Jhon Manalu. As a village head, of course he is always in the midst of the community. He also knows the entire community that is a citizen and is able to understand the problems and factors why a teenager abuses drugs.

His observations on drug users, showed that most people who are addicted to drugs experienced in adolescence, where adolescence still has unstable nature. This age tends to be someone still looking for identity, joining and hanging out with peers and forming groups of games.

In their daily association in the group it is closed to other friends who are considered to be unsuitable to join them, for example good people and still innocent. In their daily interactions they are only in groups and begin to try things that they don't deserve. For example, starting smoking with friends at school, skipping at hours they don't like the teacher or the lesson. Groups from one school join the outside with other school groups so that they become stronger and form a community. Finally in this community raises a variety of factors and influences that make them act wrong.

Many wrong actions carried out by teenagers today, such as in the school environment are skipping class and then running to the internet cafe playing games or so on, coming to school late on purpose, spending school fees, fighting at school and various violating actions the norms.

In adolescence, starting from consuming cigarettes, will be easier to rise to the use of cannabis with curiosity and try with other friends. Not a few in today's junior high school students who smoke a lot and also not a few of junior high school students who have consumed drugs. They get drugs from friends who know drug dealers and have consumed them before.

Cigarettes are one of the entrances to drug use, with smoking, the child wants to try using cannabis, wanting to find out how it really feels. Outside one's awareness and not with their knowledge, they are addicted to being caused by substances that are already inside. So someone is addicted to consuming drugs.

The reason why a teenager wants to take drugs is when he has various problems that are very difficult to solve, many of the teens choose the wrong path by taking drugs. The problem is a very heavy burden on him, for example is a problem he experienced at school or in college. Many problems can cause teenagers to experience frustration such as love problems, fights with school friends, peers, and playmates, long-held grudges in him and so forth. The problems faced if the solution is not there then a person will be more stressed, bored, confused not knowing to act, plus friends who are drug users who do not care about the problem at hand. Drug use is finally considered someone to be a solution, as if the problem is solved if you already consume the drug.

The family has the most important role in teenage life. The nature of adolescents who are still unstable and looking for identity, parents should always

accompany children and maintain communication with children so that the relationship can be good so that teenagers can bring themselves in the right direction. Many families do not care about their children, especially adolescents, parents assume that their children, especially adolescents, are able to live their lives well and are difficult to be influenced by the outside world, but the fact is that many adolescents increasingly fall into the dark valley of drug abuse.

Money is the most important thing to meet the personal needs of adolescents, most teenagers use their allowance for wasteful and buy whatever they like including drugs. Many ways that teens do to get money to be able to buy drugs, one of the ways young people do to be able to buy drugs is by giving fake reasons to their parents in order to get more money, if they don't get the money with a variety of reasons that have been they say, the teenagers will not hesitate to steal their parents' money, steal other people's belongings, sell what they have such as cellphones, laptops and so on.

The neighborhood or social environment can be a threat for adolescents to keep abreast of current developments that are getting more intense, many adolescents are easily influenced to take drugs. Friends who are in the neighborhood where they live will do various ways to influence adolescents in consuming drugs plus the ease with which someone obtains drugs will make it easier for someone to fall into. The intended environment in this case is the school environment, neighborhood and other environments.

Parents who know their children have been involved in consuming and dependence on drugs are more likely to cover up the situation that actually occurs. This drug problem is considered a disgrace by everyone. Parents are very embarrassed if their children are involved in drug abuse, so after all the parents will always always cover up and keep secret about what has happened.

Parents who care about their children will always carry out supervision and personal approach to their children so they do not consume drugs. But what often happens is that the child always confesses and promises to no longer consume drugs, even though after outside the home he consumes it again. Behavior of children who can pretend to be good, makes parents not too worried so that supervision is reduced. With the weakening of supervision and trust in parents towards their children, a feeling of wanting to lie arises. That is the opportunity for the child to go back to using drugs again.

However the child's way of trying to cover up himself as a drug abuser, one day parents will definitely find out. Because the characteristics of people who are addicted to drugs will appear by themselves in the child.

Dominant Factors That Influence Adolescents Using Drugs

The problem of drug abuse is not only a national problem and a number of countries. The problem of drug abuse has become a global problem. Many cases that show the effects of drug abuse have

caused many losses, both material and non material. The incident could have been a case of divorce, robbery, murder, HIV disease and to death.

In Indonesia, the problem of drug abuse has been increasing lately, as evidenced by the increasing number of reports through the media. Both in the mass media and in the electronic media, which almost every day tells about the arrest of the perpetrators of drug abuse by the security forces.

In 2016, there were 1,345 junior high school students using drugs. In 2017 it rose to 1,424 people, while new users in January-February 2018 recorded 262 people. Among high schools, in 2016 there were 3,817 people, the following year there were 3,410 people. As for this year's cases, there were 519 people (BNNP SUMUT, 2019).

Based on the research that has been carried out, several factors that influence drug abuse are obtained, namely:

1. Individual factors

It is natural that humans consist of spirit, soul and body. Ideally spirit, body and soul must function in a balanced manner. The human soul consists of three aspects, namely cognition (thinking), affection (emotions and feelings) and konasi (volition, volition and psychomotor). In addition to experiencing physical growth, humans also experience psychological development. It is in this period of mental development that personality is formed, and the formation of personality is greatly influenced by the dynamic development of his self-concept. This development is experienced differently from one individual to another.

Thus, no human being has an absolute similarity between one and another. Maybe we meet people who are similar. They have something in common in one or several things, namely physical form, nature, attitude, opinion or passion, as well as character, temperament and behavior, but not in everything. In relation to drug abuse, individual factors that cause a person can easily fall prey. Among others:

a. Personal disorders

i. Impaired way of thinking

Disorders of this way of thinking can occur in several forms, including views or ways of thinking that are wrong or deviate from the general view that becomes the norm or intrinsic values of what is considered right by the community. Making reasons that are considered true according to his own reasoning to justify his behavior that violates the prevailing norms. It can also be negative views or always think negatively and pessimistically. With the wrong way of looking and thinking, usually individuals who experience this distorted way of thinking will neglect all their actions by expressing unnatural reasons. Ignoring the existing norms and justifying himself for his wrong behavior is based on reasons made at will. The principle is as long as there is a reason, then the action can be justified.

ii. Emotional disorders

With emotional disturbances, including emotional instability, irritability, easy sadness and often

despair, want to obey the turmoil, then the ability to control or control himself will be hampered. Emotional disturbances can also be manifested through feelings of inferiority, not loving oneself or others, not knowing love and sympathy, being unable to empathize, feeling lonely and feeling wasted. It is not uncommon for people who experience emotional distress to be afraid to lose friends even though they know their friends have bad intentions or behave in accordance with the norms. Prolonged painful experiences, deep emotional wounds can cause emotional disturbances. For example, hurt due to the treatment of parents who are too harsh or lack of attention from parents, abandoned by loved ones.

iii. Impaired will and behavior

Apart from being influenced by physical physiological functions, a person's will and behavior are also influenced by his mind and feelings. So if the mind and emotions have been disturbed, it can be ascertained that their behavior or desires are also experiencing the effects of disturbances on their thoughts and emotions, attitudes and behavior will be affected and loss of control can usually occur, so acting uncontrollably or acting in accordance with the norms in environment.

b. Effect of age

By reaching the age of approaching adolescence, the genital glands begin to produce hormones that will affect the growth and sexual development of children in adolescents. In this puberty many changes occur. Physical changes are clearly visible from increasing height, body size, secondary genital signs such as breast enlargement in women and growth of Adam's apple in men. Followed by changes in emotions, interests, attitudes and behaviors that are influenced by the psychological development of adolescents. At this time adolescents experience feelings of uncertainty, on one hand they feel they are no longer children, but also have not been able to accept responsibility as an adult because they are still very young and lack experience. At this time adolescents prefer to hang out with their peers, want to be a accepted slang child in their environment and start looking for his identity. Want to trend and get recognition from the environment. Great curiosity and trial and error, lack of understanding of the risk due to lack of experience and reasoning. In such circumstances, teenagers are usually easily trapped into juvenile delinquency or drug abuse.

c. Wrong Views or Beliefs

There are many teenagers who have mistaken beliefs and underestimate dangerous things, so that they ignore the opinions of others, think they can certainly overcome the danger, or feel confident that their opinions themselves are correct, as a result they can be mired in juvenile delinquency. and drug abuse.

d. Low religiosity

Children who grow and develop in families with low religiosity, have never even received the correct teaching and understanding of their God, so they usually have low spiritual intelligence. Thus there

is no benchmark for the values they hold to act, so that they behave as they pleased, do not know the good and bad problems and do not fear sinning.

There are several interview quotes that researchers conducted with several informants, namely:

“First informant RM: I have a personal disadvantage after getting influence from friends, do not respect the mother by often not going home and asking for allowance for forced and excessive and to the threat that I give to the mother if no allowance is given more. I am also a very rare person to worship at church, even if I want to worship, waiting for the big day to come. I have a weak self-confidence, proved that I am easily influenced by the persuasion of my friends without thinking about the dangers of these drugs”.

“Second informant ARS: I have a weak person, I am easily influenced by persuasion of friends, the nature is still unstable makes me not think far to the dangers of drugs, the most important thing for me is just pleasure. I rarely go to church”.

Many aspects that influence adolescents to use drugs one of which is low self-esteem. Teenagers with low self-esteem will be more likely to use drugs, because they assume that by using drugs their emotions can be stable and their stamina will increase.

Personality factors also affect drug abuse in adolescents. Personality that can be characterized by inability to adapt, anti-social behavior and lack of confidence is a prone personality trait coupled with a lack of knowledge of drugs themselves.

2. The narcotics factor itself

It is undeniable that the availability and availability of drugs and drugs for adolescents is an inseparable part of the causes of drug abuse among adolescents. Usually, teenagers get information about drugs from dealers and users who come from peers.

Some of the effects of drugs or drugs on the behavior of abuse among adolescents are as follows:

1. Easily get types of drugs or drugs.
2. The perception that using drugs or drugs can solve problems. This assumption may be true, but you need to know that the disappearance of the problem is only for a moment and does not solve the real problem. In other words, the truth of the notion that drugs can eliminate problems is false. In fact, it will endanger adolescents themselves, namely the emergence of dependence on drugs or drugs.
3. How to use drugs or drugs that are very easy, for example smoked, injected, swallowed and so on.
4. Circulation of drug dealers that have entered extends to remote areas where teenagers gather, both at school and in the community.

Some of the effects of availability and ease of getting drugs or drugs clearly provide opportunities for adolescents to enter and fall into the practice of drug abuse or drugs. Drug becomes one of the factors of drug abuse because in its use it causes certain effects or sensations so that users are encouraged to find and enjoy new sensations. This is as stated previously, because the drug is addictive, which causes addiction or

dependence. Ease of getting drugs is suspected as a very important factor for the occurrence of drug abuse in adolescents (Razak, 2016: 25).

Based on the results of interviews with the five informants, the table below shows an overview of the types of drugs used by the target.

Table 1. Types of Drugs Frequently Used

No.	Types of Drugs Used	Amount
1.	Ganja/Marijuana	5
2.	Shabu-shabu	5
3.	Kokain / Cocaine Hydrochloride	0
4.	Opiat / Opium	0
5.	Others	1
Amount		11

Source: Research Results, 2019

There are several interview quotes that researchers conducted with informants, namely:

"First informant RM: I consume cannabis, methamphetamine, my initial consumption of the drug, because my friend's persuasion and curiosity or curiosity about the benefits of drugs that say if you use it will get pleasure, this is what makes in the end I want to use drugs, after using these drugs, to get it is not too difficult, because around where I live there is a drug dealer".

"The second informant is ARS: I consume cannabis, methamphetamine, and other addictive substances, initially I used drugs because of an invitation from a boarding house friend, they said if I take drugs I will stay energized, that's what makes me want to consume it and also the trial and error that arises in my mind. It was also very easy for me to get drugs because the area where I live now has a big drug dealer"

"The fifth informant is AH, I consume methamphetamine and marijuana. Initially I took the drug because of the persuasion of my friends and my curiosity about the benefits of the drug which made me want to consume it. The more days I finally became addicted to drugs, I bought drugs from a dealer not far from my house where the dealer was the father of my fellow drug users".

The problem of drug abuse will not arise if the substance does not exist. So the problem is not only that the substance is addictive, but also because it is easy to get drugs that make many adolescents affected to consume drugs. The effects of the drug alone can invite many teenagers to use it.

3. Environmental Factors

The environment is also suspected to be an important factor in influencing acts of drug abuse for adolescents. The closest environment to adolescents is family and peer groups. Family environmental factors, according to Palmer and Lindle (1996) and Hawkins, et

al. (1997), can play a role as a risk factor and also a protective factor in drug abuse in adolescents. Risk factors mean conditions that can lead to drug abuse, while protective factors are conditions that can prevent drug abuse. Family risk factors in drug abuse, namely: models of parents and relatives who have abused drugs, permissive attitude of parents towards drug users, lack of parental attention towards their children, the role of punishment against children who are too frequent and inconsistent, or his parents are too authoritarian (Afiatin, 2008: 16-17).

Brook, et al. (1996) showed a significant negative relationship between drug users in parents and child self-adjustment. Children with parents who abuse drugs have poor adjustment.

In the opinion of Siregar (1995) and Hawari (1991) (in Afiatin, 2008: 17), families who have drug abuse problems are characterized by characteristics: the father does not want to be involved in family life, the mother is dominant over rotational, inconsistency between persuasion and envy, often conflicts occur, parents are too demanding the success of their children so that they encourage children to flee to the "dreamland" through drugs. Families that rarely or never experience drug use are characterized by attachment to traditional values, strong family ties, a loving relationship between parents and children, the influence of parents is stronger than the influence of peers.

In addition to the family environment, peer groups are also a high risk factor for drug abuse in adolescents. According to Coleman, (in Scarr, et al, 1986), peer groups have greatly increased their role during adolescence. This is due to various things, namely:

1. The occurrence of rapid physical development that encourages adolescents to overcome problems and new experiences with little information they have;
2. Peer groups provide concrete information, although sometimes it is not appropriate.
3. Peers provide psychological support by providing techniques and support to challenge adult authority.
4. Peers allow teens to try a new identity as a real experience, for example: smoking as a symbol of virility and maturity, teenagers want to prove it by trying it in front of their peers.

Environmental factors of residence are also said to be encouraging involvement in drug abuse, living in a black world or overcrowding, a tempting relationship atmosphere, for early adolescents, living habits of people who have activities in places of entertainment with their style which is not right for children, it is clear that this has a negative impact.

As is the case with children of well-off families who can easily throw away money and seek entertainment at night clubs, discos, or looking for places of entertainment that are not appropriate for their age, or throwing parties at home or friends' houses, maybe villas too luxury of his parents. What is clear is the result of all the same, that is living out of control

and falling prey to juvenile delinquency or getting lost into drug abuse (Mastauli, 2007: 44).

a. Family environment

In this study shows that

“First informant RM: I have a family that is not harmonious, my parents were divorced when I was three because of religious differences, I live with my mother, my mother is busy toiling which makes me less affection from my mother, plus I didn't know who my father was until I was in high school, so I didn't get any affection from my father. So I don't get much love from my parents. And also my family has a drug user”.

“Second informant ARS: I have a harmonious family, my family is very concerned about me and often pays attention to every form of my behavior, but there are problems or small conflicts that are always exaggerated which makes me even more dizzy”.

“Third informant ADS: I have a harmonious family, but my father likes to play gambling in the home environment and we are influenced to play gambling. Other families also use drugs”.

“Fourth informant MS: I have a very harmonious family, my parents are very attentive to me and they are not angry when I ask for more allowance, what is important for my parents is the happiness of the child”.

“Fifth informant AH: I have a harmonious family, my parents always pay attention to me and always give me what I like”.

Family conditions as a social matrix play an important role in the background of drug abuse in adolescents. The role of parents and family conditions affect the development of adolescent personality. Family conditions that are characterized by family rifts, busy parents and relationships between family members that are less harmonious can be a factor that contributes to substance abuse. Several studies have shown that adolescents who are raised in families full of problems, plus families also abuse drugs, so children are at high risk to get involved in drug abuse (Afiatin, 2008: 21).

b. Neighborhood / Game Friends

Environmental factors of residence are also said to be encouraging involvement in drug abuse, living in a black world or overcrowding, a tempting relationship atmosphere, for early adolescents, living habits of people who have activities in places of entertainment with their style which is not right for children, it is clear that this has a negative impact.

As stated by the informants in this study:

“First informant: I was influenced to use drugs from a neighborhood friend, at that time I and other friends attended a friend's birthday party where my friend invited me to use drugs. At that time I refused, but with the incitement given by my friend, finally I could not refuse and want to take drugs”.

“The second informant said that he was influenced to use drugs from a friend he lived with, initially my friend invited me to drink, after drinking

alcohol, we continued to use drugs, at that time I tried not to participate, but because friends forced me, finally I want to try it”.

Friends in the neighborhood also have an influence that can encourage or trigger drug abuse in a person. The first introduction to drugs, usually it actually comes from a group of friends. The influence of this group friend is not only at the time of first introduction to drugs, but also that causes someone to continue to abuse drugs. In essence, drug abuse is a sign of screaming for help from adolescents. They show an inability to adjust to establishing a good and stable relationship with family and with the surrounding community. Therefore they then join peer groups and participate in drug abuse.

The first case of drug use in adolescents from neighborhood friends, they are usually offered, persuaded, framed and so on, so that the person involved abuses drugs, and is difficult to break away from the ties of his group friends, and the desire to be accepted by fellow group members and the desire to unite in this subculture is getting stronger and drugs are one of the binding (Afiatin, 2008: 22).

c. School / Campus Environment

School is an environment where teenagers get knowledge, coaching behavior and skills. At school also teens find peers who encourage the emergence of competition between people. There are those who want to excel, look prestigious, heroic and so forth. If this situation cannot be corrected and resolved by educational managers in schools, then adolescents who tend to be quiet, lazy to pursue achievement and creativity will experience stress and potentially fall into deviations such as drug abuse.

The following are excerpts from interviews with several informants:

‘The first informant said that he often saw his school friends using drugs, because I had taken drugs, I was invited by my school friends to take drugs together’.

‘Second informant, he said that he was affected by drug use from his college friends while he was in college in Medan. At that time I was invited by my boarding friend to use drugs, I immediately wanted to try it because it can relieve stress. On campus there are also employees who invite me to take drugs’.

CONCLUSION

1. The more dominant factor that influences drug abuse is the influence of peers or peers and school friends. The five main informants are involved in drug abuse because they are influenced by their peers or associates, both in the neighborhood and in the school / campus environment.
2. The next factor that affects drug abuse is a personality disorder factor that involves a person's mental psychological. Like adolescents who are easily influenced by friends, the level of religiosity that lacks confidence / faith is low so that it ignores things that are contrary to religious teachings.

3. Other triggering factors are the ease of obtaining drugs and addictive substances in drugs which can lead to addiction or addiction.
4. The family environment that is less harmonious and discommunicative causes many family problems that affect children, and a residential environment where many drug users and drug trafficking are very high is also a trigger factor for drug abuse in adolescents.

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