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MAIN DIRECTIONS OF IMPLEMENTATION OF THE STATE YOUTH POLICY IN THE REPUBLIC OF UZBEKISTAN

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ABSTRACT

Increasing youth activity is an important factor in the development of our country. A significant part of the population of Uzbekistan consists of young people, who serve as a guarantee of a great future for the country. This article describes the main directions of implementation of state youth policy, the principles of state youth policy, the work done in recent years on youth issues in the Republic of Uzbekistan during the years of independence.

KEYWORDS: young generation, state youth policy, Youth Union of Uzbekistan.

DISCUSSION

During the years of independence, a lot of work has been carried out in our country to educate young people in the spirit of patriotism, respect for national traditions and values, to bring up a spiritually mature and physically healthy generation, to protect their rights and interests. Today, more than 60% of the total population of Uzbekistan are 18 million strong, courageous and enthusiastic young citizens. That is why youth policy is reflected in all strategies aimed at ensuring the sustainability of state development. Today in Uzbekistan, all the necessary conditions are being created for young people to realize their life goals. The problems of the youth are being solved at the level of state policy. The Law of the Republic of Uzbekistan "On State Youth Policy" adopted in order to radically improve the activities in this area [2] has created a solid legal basis for bringing up young people who will be perfect, independent-minded, able to take responsibility for the future of our country, enterprising, mobilizing their potential in the interests of the people, realizing their intellectual and creative potential.

The state youth policy in our country is formed and conducted on the basis of the following principles:

- Caring for young people, regardless of their nationality, race, language, religion and political beliefs:
 - Legal and social protection of youth;

- Ensuring national, cultural and spiritual ties of generations;
- Supporting youth initiatives, guaranteeing their protection of their rights and interests within the framework of the Constitution and laws of the Republic of Uzbekistan;
- Ensuring the direct participation of young people in the formation of policies and programs for the development of society;
- Unity of rights and obligations, freedom and responsibility.

It should be noted that the Action Strategies for the five priority areas of development of the Republic of Uzbekistan for 2017-2021 [1] identifies a number of new and important tasks related to increasing youth participation in reforms to build a democratic state and civil society. On June 30, 2017, a new page was opened in the life of the country's youth. At the initiative of the President of the Republic of Uzbekistan, Youth Union of Uzbekistan was established, the main activities of which are aimed at supporting and implementing all youth initiatives. At the initiative of the head of state, June 30 was declared Youth Day for the first time in the history of Uzbekistan. The law "On the celebration of Youth Day in the Republic of Uzbekistan" was adopted. Priorities for the activities of the Youth Union of Uzbekistan have been identified.

In accordance with the decree, the following were included in the priorities of Youth Union of Uzbekistan:



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First, to transform Youth Union of Uzbekistan into a professional structure under the motto "The youth are the builder of the future", providing effective cooperation with government agencies, non-governmental organizations and other civil society institutions in the implementation of state youth policy in the country;

Secondly, to protect the rights, freedoms and legal interests of young people, to educate them in the spirit of respect for national and universal values, commitment to the ideas of independence in the mind and heart, to understand national identity, to develop a sense of patriotism, devotion to the motherland and its destiny, protection from various ideological threats:

Thirdly, to increase the activity of young people in the reforms aimed at building a democratic state and the development of civil society, to expand the ranks of young people with high spirituality, independent thinking, strong life position, broad outlook and deep knowledge, initiative, courage, mobilizing all their strength, knowledge and potential for the benefit of the country, able to take responsibility for the future of the country.

Fourth, to create favorable conditions for young people to master modern professions, to provide employment, to develop entrepreneurial skills, to involve them in small business and private entrepreneurship, to encourage their initiatives, to help them realize their intellectual and creative potential;

Fifth, to increase the interest of young people in reading scientific and art books, including electronic works, formation of a strong immunity against various ideological threats, in particular, religious extremism, terrorism, "popular culture" and other alien ideas, by raising the culture of use of legal, environmental, medical and information and communication technologies;

Sixth, the implementation of effective measures aimed at promoting the ideas of a healthy lifestyle and family sanctity among young people, preventing early marriage and divorce of young families:

Seventh, the wide involvement of young people in sports and physical education, creative circles and various courses, including foreign language courses, in order to meaningfully organize the leisure time of their non-organized part;

Eighth, the organization of targeted work aimed at providing moral and material support to young families, in particular, young people with disabilities and those in need of social protection, the creation of decent housing and social conditions for them;

Ninth, active participation in the early prevention and prophylaxis of delinquency and crime among young people;

Tenth, to educate, create a reserve of educated, enterprising, honest and selfless young leaders who will take an active part in the ongoing reforms in the country, who will faithfully serve the interests of the people, and recommend them to responsible positions in state and economic administration;

Eleventh, further development of international cooperation in the field of youth policy, implementation of measures aimed at protecting the rights and interests of young people studying and working abroad;

Twelfth, to provide ideological and methodological assistance to state and economic administration bodies, non-governmental non-profit organizations and other civil society institutions in organizing youth activities [3]

Furthermore, over the past two years, more than 40 regulations on youth issues have been developed. The Legislative Chamber of the Oliy Majlis has established a commission on youth issues and a "Youth Club". Interdepartmental Councils on youth issues have been established under the leadership of the Prime Minister and under the chairmanship of governors in the regions.

In the local executive and internal affairs bodies, new state units have been introduced - the position of Deputy Governor for Youth Affairs and Deputy Chief of Internal Affairs.

Today, more than 23,000 primary organizations of Youth Union operate in all educational institutions and ministries, departments and government agencies. To date, Youth Union has brought together about 11 million young people.

At the initiative of the Youth Union, 26 non-governmental non-profit organizations, including the Republican Center for Social and Psychological Assistance to Youth, the Center for Youth and Children with Disabilities, the Republican Council of Young Scientists, the Council of Young Farmers, the Youth Tourism Agency, the World Youth Association of Uzbekistan, The Republican creative youth council, the Youth Media Center, the Youth Publishing House and others were established.

The Institute for the Study of Youth Problems and Training of Prospective Personnel under the Academy of Public Administration under the President of the Republic of Uzbekistan has been established.

To conclude, the adoption of the new Law "On State Youth Policy" means that the legal guarantees of social and economic rights and interests of young people in Uzbekistan are becoming stronger, and in the future the country's youth will reach new heights and make a worthy contribution to the country's development. As President Mirziyoyev said at the 72nd UN Summit in front of the international community, "... the future and prosperity of our planet depends on how our children



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bring up. Our main task is to create the necessary conditions for young people to show their potential, to prevent the spread of the "virus" of the idea of violence. To do this, it is necessary to develop multilateral cooperation in the field of social support of the younger generation, protection of their rights and interests [4].

LIST OF USED LITERATURE

- Scientific-methodical booklet on the study of the State Program for the implementation of the Action Strategies on the five priority areas of development of the Republic of Uzbekistan in 2017-2021 in the "Year of dialogue with the people and the interests of man." T, 2017. p.197
- 2. National database of the legislation of the Republic of Uzbekistan: https://www.lex.uz/docs/3026246
- 3. <u>www.nrm.uz</u>
- 4. http://uza.uz

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