PRIORITY DIRECTIONS OF DEVELOPMENT OF COOPERATIVE RELATIONS IN AGRICULTURE

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ABSTRACT

This article shows the importance of the formation of cooperative relations in the development of Agriculture. Specific features, basic principles of the development of cooperative relations in agriculture are presented. As a result of the development of cooperative relations in agriculture, the tasks that will be positively solved are highlighted and priority directions of development of cooperative relations are indicated. KEY WORDS: agriculture, agrarian relations, cooperative, production, service, agricultural yield, farming, cluster, competitiveness.

“There is a great deal of emphasis on the giving the land to its real owner, especially, creation of a cluster model and a cooperative system, including the entire chain of agribusiness, from the cultivation till the selling of the product.”

Shavkat MIRZIYOEV

The main purpose of developing cooperative relations in agriculture is to provide democratic governance and rightful protection of legal entities individuals operating in interconnected networks, to ensure equal participation in the production process, prevention of debtor indebtedness and protection from bankruptcy, creation of favorable conditions for sustainable activity in competitive struggle both in the domestic and foreign markets. This cooperation preserves the property of the members, the parcel of land and their inviolability and independence.

According to the history of world agriculture, it is possible to existing problems to gradually be solved successfully by effectively and voluntarily cooperate with cooperative entities of a whole complex, such as, “production of goods - services - supply - storage - manufacturing - processing – sale”.

The main reason for the rapid development of cooperative relations in agriculture in recent years is the establishment of science-based production facilities. Thus, the basis of cooperative relations is based on four principles: voluntariness, inviolability, joint use of property, and scientific development and these principles are being implemented in cooperatives.

The growth of the agricultural production volume, ultimately, creates objective conditions for the development of infrastructure for storage, procurement, processing and logistics, which is the most effective way of bringing agricultural production to the industry. First of all, the income of the population will increase, and secondly, the industry will be provided with uninterrupted raw materials.

Jamshid Khodjaev, Minister of Agriculture of the Republic of Uzbekistan:

“At the initiative of the President of the Republic of Uzbekistan, for the first time in the country, a mechanism of cooperation in agriculture is being implemented. Much work needs to be done to improve the performance of cooperatives. Cooperatives are of great interest to farmers as they benefit from such forms of cooperation”.

1 Meetings were held with representatives of agricultural cooperatives in Ferghana region. 2019 April 22 // Website of the Ministry of Agriculture of the Republic of Uzbekistan – www.agro.uz.
Figure 1: Basic principles of cooperative relations in agriculture

An analysis of the activities of infrastructure entities and farms shows that in a time of market demand fluctuations and liberalization of prices for material resources, it is not always highly efficient and sustainable to operate individually for self-interest.

The main purpose of the establishment of specialized agro-clusters is to solve problems arising in the activities of cluster members through cooperation, to achieve sustainable development of agricultural raw materials, to establish small industrial enterprises in rural areas and to primary process agricultural raw materials, sell high value added competitive finished products to the both domestic and foreign markets, to achieve high productivity in the cluster and higher levels of remuneration of workers.

It is advisable to establish a Cluster Cooperation Council (or Cooperative Council) on the basis of the agreement between the heads of enterprises and organizations in the cluster.

Cluster Council can make decision according to the Charter, production, supply, service agreements about distribution of the annual profit among cluster members taking their shares into account.

The purpose of the strategy for developing cooperative relations in agriculture is to develop modern, perspective and partnerships that are consistent with market principles through taking into account the priority areas of strategic development of the sector.

As a result of the development of cooperative relations in agriculture, the following priority tasks will be solved positively: protect the equality and mutual interests of all members in the production process; democratic governance, transparency, fairness and unity of interests will be fully manifested; the areas of activity of the cooperative will be independently determined and directions for the development of the most demanded industries will be developed; interaction and cooperation of members of the regional co-operative enterprise will be strengthened, and others.

With the purpose of developing cooperative relations in the agricultural sector of the Republic, along with the adoption of the Law “On Cooperation in Agriculture”, the standard documents on the development of cooperative relations, including the Charter of the cooperative enterprise based on cooperative relations; Regulations on the activities of the board of the cooperative based on cooperative relations; Regulations on membership and withdrawal of legal entities / individuals in the cooperative; Adoption of the necessary documents, such as the determination of profit / loss for the year at the cooperative enterprise, calculation of members' contribution (share), calculation of dividends and distribution will play an important role in ensuring
sustainable development of cooperative relations in the agricultural sector of the country.

The development of strategic measures for the further development of cooperative relations in agriculture is one of the critical issues.

During the research the essence of this event was scientifically-theoretically justified and a strategy for developing cooperative relations at the individual district level was developed.

REFERENCES