PROBLEM OF MIGRANT LABOUR IN INDIA

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INTRODUCTION
Migrant labour are the people who travels from one place to another in search of work. Many of them travel with their families or individually so that they can provide their family a good lifestyle. These workers migrates within their home country or outside to get work. Workers who migrate outside their country are also called as foreign workers.

In people’s view migration is very simple and it will always be successful but this path is full of challenges. Migration has both positive and negative effects. Government is working very hard by imploding various schemes for migrant labours and is always there to help them in every situations.

CAUSES
Following are the causes for increasing number of migrant workers:

1. The main reason behind migration of people is to peruse better life.
2. In search of good Employment opportunities majority of workers migrate to urban cities or in foreign countries.
3. As education plays very important role in everybody’s life. Workers migrate with their family to provide their children with good education facility.
4. In rural areas there is lack of hospitalization facility. So to get bitter facility people migrates.
5. People living in deserts, near coastal areas faces lot of problems like drought, flood etc. so to get rid of these problems people with their family shifts to safer places.
6. For construction of dam and its reservoir people of that whole area have to shift to different places and searches for new work.
7. Many of the times in MNC’s working are promoted and transferred to different locations as per companies need.
8. Due to several climatic changes there is lack of production of grains and other material in farms. Therefore farmers have to migrate to other places in search of work.
9. Many of the workers migrate with their families and cattle’s to sell their handicrafts to people across different region.
10. Due to governmental activities such as coal mining, and mining of other minerals, road construction, etc. people have to migrate as villages are destroyed.

EFFECTS
In Today life Migration has become a common thing. But it affects the life of person in both positive as well as negative accepts. So following are some of the effects of migration.

1) Migration helps people improving and enhancing the lifestyle.
2) It causes lot of people to get employed and hence poverty rate is reduced.
3) Money of the time it is hard for worker to separate from their family.
4) As the number of migrants is increasing day by day slum areas have increased in city which leads to many problems such as unhygienic conditions, crime, pollution, etc.
5) Due to increasing no. of migrant workers in urban cities, competition has increased for job, houses, school facilities etc.

6) As population is increasing in urban cities, the demand for nature resources, amenities and services has increased.

7) Some of the migrants from village are completely uneducated; therefore they face lot of problem while searching for work. It improves social life of people as they get chance to learn new culture, new languages and can build relations with new people.

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9) Migration leads to increase in number of nuclear families.

10) Migration can help people to explore themselves and can get a new path of life.

SUGGESTIONS

Following are some of the suggestions in our point of view which should be implemented in some extent.

1) Proper information about migrant labours should be collected and recorded.

2) The administration should pay attention to rural development and state should encourage rural people to open college or household industries by granting them incentives and subsidies.

3) Also, people should be encouraged to from co-operatives and self-help groups so they could support a better life and can raise their standard of living.

4) There is also a need to generate employment opportunities in the villages by offering the big businessmen incentives to open their industries in their locality.

5) The government must also make people aware of the schemes like MNREGA, REGP. So that they could get benefits from these.

6) Also, the government should improve the state of agriculture.

7) If better opportunities are provided locally, them this would lead to reduce the no. of migration.

8) Government should provide some sort of loans like house loans for migrant labours.

9) Government should also provide some facilities to workers so that they can continue living without any stress.

10) These people should also be educated about labour migration and how it affects the lives of many.

CONCLUSION

It is necessary for the Government to do something for migrant labours. As many of them faces lot of problems in day to day life. Many of the people think that if they will shift to other countries or urban localities they will achieve success best it is not necessary that they will always be successful many of them have to face challenges. But the Government is trying their best to provide them with better opportunities by enforcing various schemes and giving them the required incentives.

Loopholes and lacunas are from government mechanism and system. They walk away across country with hunger and other crucial problems. Maney NGOs, social workers help to them in different manners. Still this is the biggest problem of India in current scenario. From all levels efforts should be done to eliminate their problems.

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