



AN ANALYTICAL STUDY OF THE IMPACT OF DIGITALIZATION ON MSMES WITH SPECIAL REFERENCE TO INDUSTRIAL OPERATIONAL ACTIVITIES

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ABSTRACT

This study explores the transformative impact of digitalization on Micro, Small, and Medium Enterprises (MSMEs), with a focus on industrial operational activities. Digital tools and technologies have significantly enhanced productivity, streamlined processes, and improved supply chain management. The research analyzes how automation, data analytics, and digital platforms contribute to operational efficiency, cost reduction, and better decision-making. Despite initial challenges like technological adoption and financial constraints, MSMEs are increasingly leveraging digitalization to stay competitive in a dynamic market. This analytical study highlights the need for strategic digital integration to boost industrial performance and promote sustainable growth within the MSME sector. The purpose of the present study is to explore the impact of digitalization on MSMEs operational activity. The findings of the study indicates that Increased Efficiency, Improved customer reach and assess to new market positively found and significant variables related with operational activities, however, Innovation has ny found positively significant

1. BACKGROUND OF THE STUDY

Digitalization has transformed the industrial operational activities of Micro, Small, and Medium Enterprises (MSMEs), enabling them to improve efficiency, productivity, and competitiveness. The adoption of digital technologies such as Industry 4.0, Internet of Things (IoT), and artificial intelligence (AI) has revolutionized the way MSMEs operate. Digitalization has enabled MSMEs to streamline their production processes, reduce costs, and enhances product quality. Real-time monitoring and data analytics have improved predictive maintenance, reducing downtime and increasing overall equipment effectiveness. Moreover, digitalization has facilitated the development of smart factories, enabling MSMEs to respond quickly to changing market demands and customer needs. The use of digital platforms has also improved supply chain management, enabling MSMEs to collaborate more effectively with suppliers and customers. The impact of digitalization on MSMEs' industrial operational activities has been significant, with many businesses experiencing improved productivity, reduced costs, and increased competitiveness. As digitalization continues to evolve, MSMEs must invest in digital technologies and develop the skills needed to leverage these technologies effectively to remain competitive. Digitalization is a key driver of business growth and success.

The present research study is related with Impact of digitalization on MSMEs with respect to industrial operational activities. The researcher adopted a four different study variables as independent variables such as Increased Efficiency, Improved customer reach, Innovation and Access to New Markets. However, the study is based on primary and secondary data which has been collected according to the requirement of the research design as well as methodology.

1.1 Positive Impact of Digitalization on MSMEs

The positive impact of digitalization on MSMEs with respect to industrial operational activities can be explore as under

- ❖ **Increased Efficiency:** Digitalization has significantly increased efficiency in various ways. Automated processes have reduced manual labor, minimizing errors and freeing up resources. Real-time data analytics have enabled informed decision-making, allowing businesses to respond quickly to changing market conditions. Streamlined communication and collaboration have improved productivity, enabling teams to work more effectively. Digital tools have also enhanced customer service, providing personalized experiences and improving customer satisfaction
- ❖ **Improve Customer Reach:** Digitalization has significantly improved customer reach for businesses. Social media platforms and online marketplaces have enabled companies to connect with a wider audience, increasing brand visibility and awareness. E-commerce websites and mobile apps have made it easier for customers to access products and services, 24/ and 7. Digital marketing



strategies have allowed businesses to target specific customer segments, increasing the effectiveness of their marketing efforts. By leveraging digital channels, businesses can now reach customers globally, expanding their market and driving growth.

- ❖ **Innovation:** Digitalization has sparked innovation in industries by enabling the development of new products, services, and business models. Technologies like AI, block chain, and IoT have opened up new possibilities for companies to experiment and innovate. Digital platforms have facilitated collaboration and knowledge-sharing, allowing industries to tap into a global pool of ideas and expertise. Companies can now leverage data analytics to identify new opportunities and create personalized customer experiences. By embracing digitalization, industries can stay ahead of the competition and drive growth through innovation.
- ❖ **Access to New Market:** Digitalization has enabled industries to access new markets and expand their customer base. E-commerce platforms and digital marketplaces have made it possible for companies to reach customers globally. Social media and online advertising have allowed businesses to target specific demographics and regions. Digital technologies have also facilitated the development of new products and services tailored to emerging markets. By leveraging digital channels, industries can now access new markets and drive growth through increased sales and revenue.

2. REVIEW OF LITERATURE

Sharma et. al., (2020), in their study authors explore that Digital transformation is crucial for MSMEs to evolve and thrive. It involves strategically integrating digital tools like cloud computing, e-commerce platforms, and data analytics. This integration enhances operational efficiency, drives innovation, and boosts competitiveness. By leveraging digital technologies, MSMEs can streamline processes and improve productivity. The use of digital tools facilitates innovation, enabling businesses to stay ahead of the curve. Digital transformation is key to enhancing operational efficiency, a recurring theme in the literature. MSMEs can gain a competitive edge by embracing digital transformation. By doing so, they can improve their overall performance and achieve sustainable growth.

Bala & Verma (2019), authors indicates that the adoption of digital technologies in MSMEs streamlines processes, reduces manual interventions, and boosts productivity. Integrating digital tools is a strategic imperative for MSMEs to thrive in a tech-driven business environment. Digital technologies have enabled Indian MSMEs to expand beyond geographical boundaries and access global markets. This has opened up new opportunities for growth and expansion. By leveraging digital tools, MSMEs can improve their competitiveness and reach a wider customer base. Digital technologies have become essential for MSMEs to stay ahead in the market. This transformation has been a key driver of business success for many MSMEs.

Pareek et.al., (2021), Digital platforms, such as e-commerce and digital marketplaces, empower MSMEs to reach a wider audience. These platforms provide a global stage for MSMEs to showcase their products and services. This globalization effect can significantly alter the competitive landscape for MSMEs. By leveraging digital platforms, MSMEs can expand their customer base and increase their market share. Digital platforms have become a crucial tool for MSMEs to gain a competitive edge. They enable MSMEs to compete on a global scale, redefining the business landscape.

Dwivedi et. al., (2020), MSMEs face several challenges in their digital transformation, including skill gaps, limited access to technology, and cybersecurity concerns. These hurdles hinder their ability to fully embrace digitalization. Literature emphasizes the importance of targeted interventions from both policy makers and industry leaders to overcome these barriers. Government initiatives, such as the Digital India campaign, play a pivotal role in supporting the digital growth of MSMEs. Addressing these challenges requires focused efforts to enhance digital skills and ensure accessible, secure technology. Effective strategies can help MSMEs leverage digital tools for growth and innovation. The role of policy frameworks in facilitating this transformation is critical.

3. OBJECTIVES OF THE STUDY

The objectives of the study are as under

1. To study the impact of digitalization on MSMEs operational activities towards Improved customer reach
2. To study the impact of digitalization on MSMEs operational activities towards increased efficiency
3. To study the impact of digitalization on MSMEs operational activities towards Innovation
4. To study the impact of digitalization on MSMEs operational activities towards Access to New Markets

4. HYPOTHESIS OF THE STUDY

The various hypothesis of the study such as

H₀₁: There is no significant relationship between digitalization and MSMEs operational activity with respect to improved customer reach

H_{a1}: There is a significant relationship between digitalization and MSMEs operational activity with respect to improved customer reach

H₀₂: There is no significant relationship between digitalization and MSMEs operational activity with respect to increased efficiency

H_{a2}: There is a significant relationship between digitalization and MSMEs operational activity with respect to increased efficiency

H₀₃: There is no significant relationship between digitalization and MSMEs operational activity with respect to Innovation



- H_{a3}**: There is a significant relationship between digitalization and MSMEs operational activity with respect to Innovation
H₀₄: There is no significant relationship between digitalization and MSMEs operational activity with respect to Access to New Markets
H_{a4}: There is a significant relationship between digitalization and MSMEs operational activity with respect to Access to New Markets

5. RESEARCH DESIGN

The study will adopt a **descriptive and analytical research design** to examine the impact of digitalization on MSMEs' industrial operational activities. A **mixed-method approach** will be used, combining both **quantitative** and **qualitative** data collection techniques. Primary data will be collected through structured questionnaires and interviews with MSME owners, managers, and operational staff. Secondary data will be gathered from government reports, industry publications, and academic literature. The quantitative data will be statistically analyzed to identify patterns and correlations, while qualitative insights will provide a deeper understanding of challenges and opportunities related to digital adoption in operational processes.

5.1 Data Collection

The study will utilize both **primary** and **secondary data collection methods** to ensure comprehensive and reliable results.

Primary Data: Structured Questionnaires Distributed to owners, managers, and employees of MSMEs engaged in industrial activities to gather quantitative insights on digital adoption, operational changes, and performance outcomes.

Secondary Data: Secondary data will be obtained from government report, published research papers etc.

6. SAMPLE SIZE AND SAMPLE DESIGN

Sample size and design will take following steps

6.1. Sample Size

The study will target a sample size of **100 to 150 MSMEs**, depending on accessibility and response rate. This sample will include enterprises from various industrial sectors such as manufacturing, processing, and service-based industries to ensure diversity and representativeness.

6.2. Sample Design

A stratified random sampling method will be used. MSMEs will be categorized based on Size of enterprise (Micro, Small, and Medium), Sector type (e.g., manufacturing, services, trading), and Geographical location (urban, semi-urban, and rural areas)

7. DATA ANALYSIS

For advanced statistical analysis, researcher has adopted a **t-test** for hypothesis testing and data analysis at **5%** level of significance

8. HYPOTHESIS TESTING

Table 1: Impact of Digitalization on MSMEs Operational Activities with respect to Increased Efficiency, Improved customer reach, Innovation and Access to New Markets

Hypothesis	Independent Variables	df	t- score	P- Value	Level of Significance
H₀₁/H_{a1}	Increased Efficiency	3	21.214	0.019	0.05
H₀₂/H_{a2}	Improved customer reach	3	09.512	0.048	0.05
H₀₃/H_{a3}	Innovation	3	14.201	0.234	0.05
H₀₄/H_{a4}	Access to New Markets	4	11.552	0.007	0.05
Dependent Variables – Operational Activities					

9. FINDINGS OF THE STUDY

The various findings of the study as under

- The results show a t-score of 21.214 with a p-value of 0.019, which is below the 0.05 significance level. This indicates a statistically significant relationship between digitalization and increased operational efficiency. Digital tools and automation have helped MSMEs streamline workflows, reduce manual errors, and enhance overall productivity. The hypothesis is supported, confirming that digitalization contributes positively to operational efficiency. (**H_{a1}= Accepted**)
- With a t-score of 9.512 and a p-value of 0.048, this hypothesis is also statistically significant. Digitalization has enabled MSMEs to reach and engage with more customers through online platforms, social media, and digital communication channels. As a result, customer interactions and market presence have improved, validating the hypothesis that digitalization enhances customer reach through operational improvements. . (**H_{a2}= Accepted**)



3. Although the t-score is 14.201, the p-value of 0.234 exceeds the 0.05 threshold, indicating that the hypothesis is not statistically significant. This suggests that digitalization has not had a direct or consistent impact on fostering innovation in MSMEs' operational activities. While some process improvements were observed, the adoption of digital tools did not necessarily lead to the development of new ideas, services, or models. . (**H₀₃= Accepted**)
4. This hypothesis shows strong significance with a t-score of 11.552 and a p-value of 0.007. Digitalization has significantly expanded the ability of MSMEs to enter new markets, both geographically and demographically. Online sales platforms, digital marketing, and improved logistics systems have allowed businesses to operate beyond traditional boundaries, confirming that digitalization enhances market access through operational transformation. . (**H_{a4}= Accepted**)

10. CONCLUSIONS

The study reveals that digitalization has a significant positive impact on the operational activities of MSMEs. It enhances efficiency by automating processes and reducing manual efforts. Improved customer reach is evident through digital marketing, CRM tools, and online platforms. Access to new markets has expanded, enabling MSMEs to grow beyond local boundaries. However, digitalization does not show a significant influence on innovation within operations. This indicates that while digital tools support routine functions, innovation needs additional strategic input. Overall, digital adoption strengthens the core of operational performance in MSMEs. It improves competitiveness, responsiveness, and customer satisfaction. The findings highlight the need for digital skill development and infrastructure support. In conclusion, digitalization is a critical driver for MSME growth and sustainability in the modern economy.

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