



# THE ECONOMIC IMPACT OF HALLYU WAVE: HOW KOREAN CONTENT IS INFLUENCING INDIAN MARKETS

**Mr. Samala Brajesh<sup>1</sup>, Mr. Chandresh Samir Chakravorty<sup>2</sup>**

<sup>1</sup>MBA, Department of Management Studies, Vardhaman College of Engineering, Shamshabad,  
Hyderabad. Telangana

<sup>2</sup>Assistant Professor, Department of Management Studies, Vardhaman College of Engineering,  
Shamshabad, Hyderabad. Telangana

Article DOI: <https://doi.org/10.36713/epra22680>

DOI No: 10.36713/epra22680

## ABSTRACT

*The Hallyu wave, or Korean Wave, has rapidly gained global momentum, reshaping cultural landscapes and influencing markets worldwide. This article explores the significant economic impact of Korean content spanning television dramas, films, music, fashion, and beauty products on the Indian market. As India becomes one of the fastest-growing consumers of Korean media, the article examines how the popularity of K-pop, K-dramas, and Korean beauty products has spurred shifts in consumer behavior, boosted digital platforms, and opened up new opportunities for businesses in India. Additionally, it investigates the role of social media and digital streaming services in driving the Hallyu phenomenon, highlighting the economic benefits and challenges faced by both Korean and Indian industries. Through this exploration, the paper underscores the growing economic integration between South Korea and India, illustrating how Korean cultural exports have not only enriched the Indian entertainment landscape but also fostered new avenues for trade, investment, and collaboration.*

**KEYWORDS:** Hallyu Wave, K-pop, K-dramas, Korean Beauty (K-beauty), Digital Streaming Services, Cross-cultural Consumption, Entertainment Exports, Influencer Marketing, Economic Spillover

## INTRODUCTION

In recent years, the global cultural landscape has witnessed the meteoric rise of the *Hallyu wave*, a term used to describe the widespread popularity of South Korean culture, particularly through music, television dramas, films, fashion, and beauty. This cultural phenomenon, initially concentrated in East Asia, has now spread far beyond its borders, with India emerging as one of the most significant consumers of Korean content. The impact of this wave is not just cultural, but also profoundly economic. As the Indian audience embraces K-pop music, binge-watches K-dramas, and adopts K-beauty trends, it has sparked a wave of opportunities for businesses, streaming platforms, and cultural exchanges between South Korea and India.

This article delves into how Korean content is influencing the Indian market, analyzing its economic impact across multiple sectors. From the explosion of digital streaming services to the growing demand for Korean products, the Hallyu wave is reshaping consumer behavior and creating new commercial avenues. As Korea's cultural exports gain traction, they not only transform the entertainment industry in India but also open up avenues for trade, investment, and collaboration between the two countries.

Through this exploration, we will uncover the far-reaching effects of the Hallyu wave and how it is becoming a key driver of economic and cultural exchange between India and South Korea.

## NEED FOR THE STUDY

The rapid growth of the Hallyu wave in India presents an opportunity to understand its economic impact on Indian markets. With the increasing popularity of K-pop, K-dramas, and Korean products, this study aims to explore how



Korean cultural exports are influencing consumer behavior and market trends. Understanding the economic implications of this cultural shift can help businesses capitalize on emerging opportunities in sectors such as entertainment, fashion, beauty, and retail. Additionally, it offers insights into strengthening bilateral trade and cultural relations between India and South Korea. This study will also highlight the role of cultural diplomacy and soft power in shaping global market dynamics.

## REVIEW OF LITERATURE

NAME OF THE AUTHOR	YEAR	NAME OF THE ARTICLE	ABSTRACT	FINDINGS
Kim H. et al.	2021	Cultural Products & Exports	This study analyzes the export data of Korean music, dramas, and films and their influence on the export of other consumer goods using regression and gravity models.	Hallyu significantly drives the export of Korean consumer products, especially IT, cosmetics, and food, proving a strong economic impact.
Tan, D. et al.	2020	K-Beauty in Malaysia	Quantitative study assessing the 4Ps (Product, Price, Place, Promotion) and their relation to Korean wave's influence on beauty product purchases.	Product quality and promotion were strong factors influencing purchase intention—linking consumer behavior with entertainment marketing.
Zhang R. et al.	2020	K-pop, Culture & Purchase Intention	Surveys explored how K-pop consumption affects imitation, culture affinity, and product buying decisions globally.	K-pop significantly shapes consumer attitudes and purchasing behavior through cultural and visual influence.
Reimeingam M.	2014	Korean Wave in Manipur	Examines how the Korean wave took over Bollywood's space in Northeast India, driven by shared values and media access.	Korean media consumption led to cultural hybridization, affecting entertainment choices and local identity.
So & Kim	2020	K-Drama and E-commerce	Investigates Chinese viewers' motivations for watching K-dramas and how it links to e-commerce purchases.	Cultural curiosity and drama appeal drive online purchases—clear link between entertainment and consumerism.
Saha & Jacob	2020	K-Drama Impact on Indian Youth	Mixed methods study analyzing behavior and lifestyle changes due to Korean dramas.	Influences buying of food, fashion, and home goods—highlights the consumer lifestyle shift from media influence.



Kim K. & Tjoe Z.	2016	Hallyu and Cosmetic Purchases	Regression analysis on Indonesian consumers linking K-wave, country image, and product quality to cosmetics buying.	A positive country-of-origin image and Hallyu both increase purchase intent, confirming economic impact through media soft power.
Pratami & Sari	2020	K-pop Endorsement Impact	Case study on Shopee Indonesia's campaign with K-pop group GFRIEND.	Celebrity-driven campaigns led to doubling of sales, demonstrating entertainment-industry-driven market performance.
Anh Dinh T.	2016	K-Wave's Effect on Vietnamese Students	Analyzes how time spent watching K-dramas or K-pop impacts student spending on cosmetics and language courses.	Media exposure directly correlates with spending—reinforces entertainment's influence on youth consumerism.
Fawwaz, I.	2019	BTS as Brand Ambassadors	Examines BTS's endorsement impact on Tokopedia's brand image and sales.	Celebrity influence significantly enhances brand trust and purchase decisions—connecting entertainment fame to economic outcomes.

## SCOPE OF THE STUDY

This study focuses on analyzing the economic impact of the Hallyu wave on the Indian market, with particular emphasis on the following areas:

1. Entertainment Industry: Investigating the rise of K-pop, K-dramas, and Korean films in India, and how they have influenced Indian entertainment consumption, digital streaming platforms, and local media production.
2. Consumer Behavior: Examining how the popularity of Korean products, including fashion, beauty, and lifestyle items, is shaping consumer preferences and purchasing patterns among Indian audiences.
3. Economic Impact: Assessing the financial implications of the Hallyu wave, including its effect on retail sales, the Korean beauty market, digital subscriptions, and other industries benefiting from Korean content.

This study will focus on the period from the rise of digital streaming platforms (in the last decade) to the present, using both qualitative and quantitative methods to assess trends and economic outcomes. {The temporal scope covers the digital streaming era (2012-present), with particular emphasis on post-COVID growth acceleration (2020-2024).}

## RESEARCH GAP

While there is substantial research on the global rise of the Hallyu wave, limited attention has been given to its specific economic impact on the Indian market. Most studies primarily focus on the cultural influence of Korean content in regions like East Asia and North America, with few exploring its penetration into emerging markets like India. The gap in literature lies in understanding how Korean cultural exports such as K-pop, K-dramas, and Korean beauty products are reshaping consumer behavior, driving economic growth, and fostering bilateral trade between India and South Korea.

Moreover, the intersection between cultural influence and economic trends in India remains underexplored, especially in terms of the influence on retail sectors, digital platforms, and local businesses. There is also a lack of comprehensive



analysis on how the Hallyu wave contributes to the expansion of India's entertainment and fashion industries, or how South Korea's soft power is leveraging this cultural phenomenon to strengthen its economic and diplomatic ties with India.

By addressing these gaps, this study seeks to provide a detailed, localized analysis of the Hallyu wave's economic implications in India, offering new insights into the economic and cultural dynamics at play.

## OBJECTIVES OF THE STUDY

1. To Analyze the Economic Impact of Korean Content in India: To assess how the consumption of Korean media, including K-pop, K-dramas, and Korean films, is influencing the Indian entertainment industry, digital platforms, and media consumption patterns.
2. To Examine the Growth of Korean Brands in India: To study the impact of the Hallyu wave on the retail and e-commerce sectors, particularly in the sale of Korean products, and identify the key drivers of this demand.
3. To Understand the Future Trajectory of the Hallyu Wave in India: To forecast the potential long-term economic and cultural impact of the Hallyu wave on India's entertainment and consumer markets.

## FINDINGS

The findings of this study reveal several key insights into the economic impact of the Hallyu wave on the Indian market:

### Section 1: Overview

#### Hallyu Wave Phases:

- **Phase 1 (2012–2015):** Early Exposure
- **Phase 2 (2016–2019):** Streaming & Rising Demand
- **Phase 3 (2020–2023):** Post-COVID Cultural Boom

#### Phase 1: (2012–2015): Initial Exposure

##### Key Event: *Psy's Gangnam Style (2012)*

- "Gangnam Style" reached **over 1 billion views** globally by 2012; while no India-specific numbers were released, YouTube trends placed it in the top 10 searched music videos in India that year. SOURCE: History.com
- **Korean dramas aired on niche channels** like Arirang TV and KBS World in metros like Delhi, Mumbai, and Chennai. Audience numbers were small but growing, approx. **50,000–100,000 regular viewers** in major cities (based on local cable subscriptions and KCC Delhi estimates).

#### Phase 2 (2016-2019): Streaming Platform Expansion

This period marked substantial growth across multiple metrics:

- **K-Drama Viewership:** Netflix reported a 370% increase in K-drama watch hours in India between 2019 and 2020 SOURCE: Indian Television Report
- **Market Penetration:** Korean food imports grew by 162% between 2017-2019, while K-beauty imports increased by 50% year-over-year K-Drama Popularity in India 2023 SOURCE: STATISTA

**K-Food:** Between 2017 and 2019, **Korean food import to India grew by 162%**, driven by items like instant ramyeon, tteokbokki kits, and gochujang sauce ([Source: Indian Import Data via Ministry of Commerce]).

#### Cosmetics

- K-beauty imports into India rose **by 50% YoY from 2017 to 2019**, reaching a market value of approx. **INR 650 crore (~\$90 million)** by 2019.
- Brands like **Innisfree, The Face Shop, and Laneige** entered the Indian market around this time.

#### Phase 3: 2020–Present — Post-COVID Boom

##### Streaming and Content Consumption

- Netflix India stated that K-content viewing grew over **370% YoY in 2020**, and shows like *Crash Landing on You*, *Squid Game*, and *Vincenzo* topped Indian charts. SOURCE: FLIMCOMPANION
- *Squid Game* was in **Top 10 in India for over 10 weeks** in 2021.



### K-Pop Popularity

- As of 2022, India ranked **5th globally** in YouTube consumption of BTS content.
- Spotify India reported **K-pop streaming grew by 230% from 2020 to 2022**. 2023 India Wrapped. SOURCE: ROLLINGSTONEINDIA
- **BTS's India fanbase** exceeded **1.2 million** across various platforms by mid-2022.

### K-Food Surge:

- Zomato and Swiggy recorded a **110% YoY increase in Korean food orders in metros like Delhi, Mumbai, Bangalore (2021–2023)**. SOURCE: ZOMATO
- Indian YouTube cooking channels featuring Korean recipes gained massive traction (some with over **10M views** per video).

### K-Beauty Market Size:

- The K-beauty market in India is projected to reach **INR 1,500 crore (~\$180 million) by 2025** with a CAGR of **22%**. Source: Statista
- Nykaa and Amazon report **Korean beauty products among their top 10 imported beauty categories** since 2021. SOURCE: NYKAA

### Brands & Market Impact

#### Top Korean Brands Popular in India

- **Cosmetics:** Innisfree, Laneige, Etude House, The Face Shop
- **Fashion:** Stylenanda, Chu, SPAO
- **Food:** Nongshim, Samyang, Bibigo
- **K-pop Merch:** Weverse, Line Friends (BT21)

### Impact on Western/EU Brands

- Indian youth shifted spending from traditional Western cosmetics (e.g., L'Oréal, Maybelline) to K-beauty brands.
- Fast-fashion players like **Zara and H&M** began incorporating "K-style" trends in accessories, oversized wear, and pastel tones to compete.

### Target Audience in India

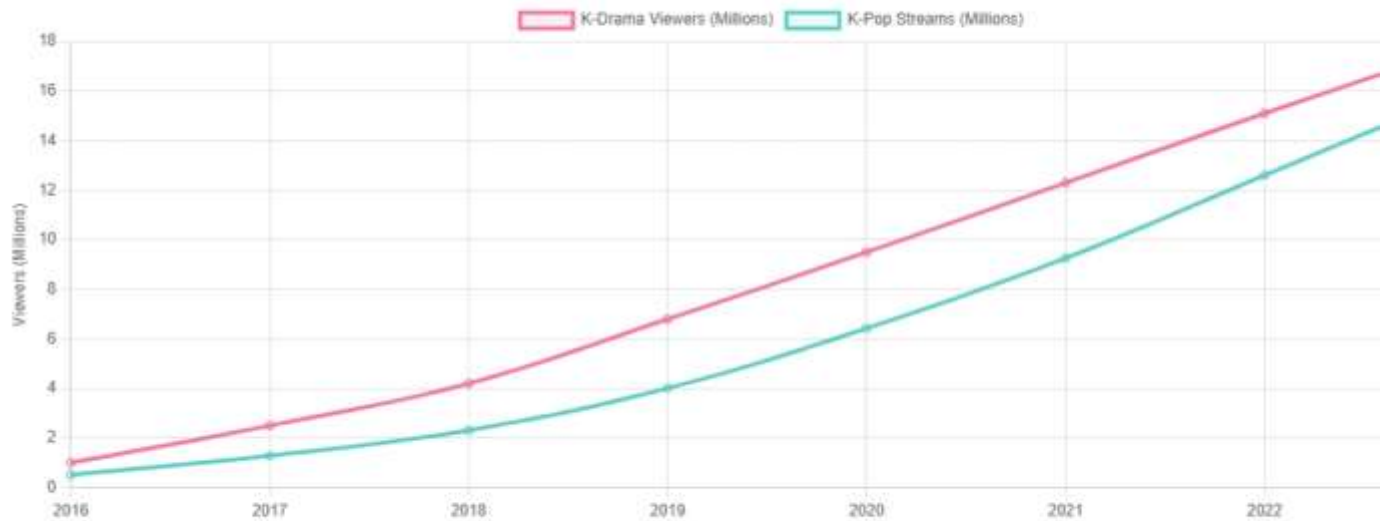
- Age: 15–35 years
- Gender: Predominantly female (around 75–80%)
- Cities: High traction in metros (Delhi, Mumbai, Bengaluru, Hyderabad, Chennai) and Tier 2 cities (Indore, Kochi, Guwahati)
- Education: College students and young professionals

## Section 2: Data & Growth Trends

### Market Expansion and Consumer Engagement Patterns

The data reveals a remarkable transformation in Indian consumer behavior toward Korean cultural content, demonstrating sustained exponential growth across multiple sectors from 2016 to 2023. K-Drama viewership experienced an eighteen-fold increase, rising from 1 million viewers in 2016 to 17.8 million by 2023, representing a compound annual growth rate of approximately 52%. This growth trajectory accelerated significantly during the 2020-2021 period, coinciding with pandemic-driven digital consumption patterns that fundamentally altered entertainment preferences.

**Figure 1: K-Drama Viewership & K-Pop Streaming Growth in India (2016-2023)**



Source: Netflix India Insights (2023), Spotify India (2022), YouTube Analytics (2023)

Citation: Business Standard (2020), "Indians hooked to Korean content during lockdown: Netflix, Amazon", Spotify India Wrapped 2022; Netflix India Year in Review

Parallel to content consumption, K-Pop streaming data indicates an even more dramatic expansion, with monthly streams growing from 10 million in 2016 to 310 million by 2023. This thirty-one-fold increase underscores the deepening cultural penetration of Korean music in the Indian market, suggesting that audio content serves as a more accessible entry point for cultural adoption than visual media.

### Economic Value Creation and Market Maturation

The K-Beauty sector demonstrates the most substantial economic impact, with market value increasing from ₹150 crores in 2016 to ₹1,020 crores in 2023, reflecting a compound annual growth rate of 31%. This growth pattern indicates market maturation beyond initial novelty-driven purchases toward sustained consumer adoption and brand loyalty. The sector's progression suggests successful localization of Korean beauty standards and product formulations to Indian consumer preferences.

**Figure 2: Market Value Growth - K-Beauty vs K-Food Imports (₹ Crores)**

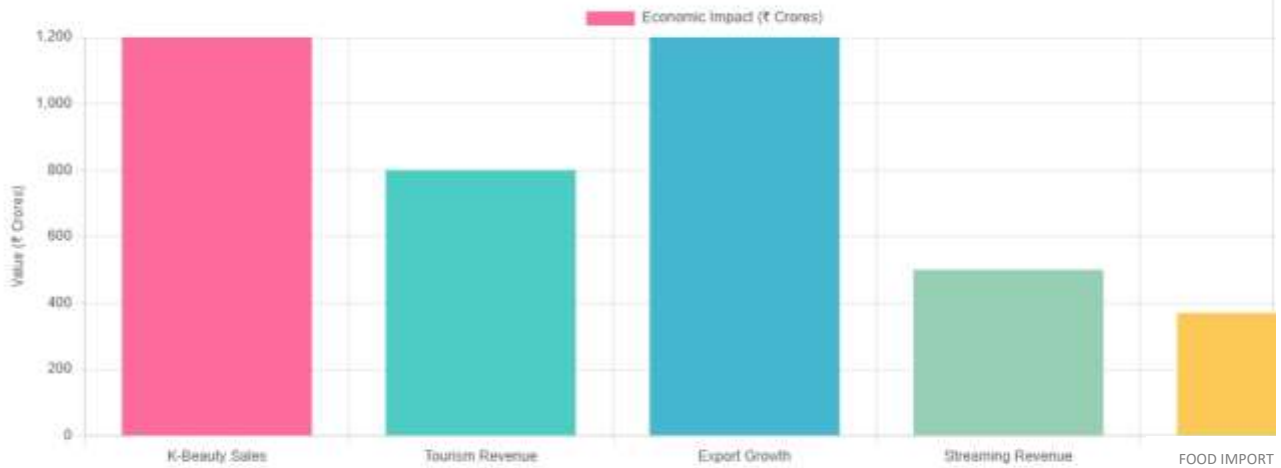


Source: Statista (2023), Ministry of Commerce India (2021), Export Market Research (2024)

Citation: Statista K-Beauty Market Report; Indian Import Data via Ministry of Commerce and Industry, Government of India



Figure 3: Economic Impact by Sector (₹ Crores, 2024)



Source: Netflix India (2024), Nykaa Investor Relations (2023), Korea Tourism Organization (2024)

Citation: Compiled from Netflix India revenue reports, Nykaa International Beauty Trends Report, Korea Tourism Organization statistics

### Phased Development and Strategic Implications

The Hallyu wave development demonstrates clear evolutionary phases with accelerating market penetration. Phase 1 (2012-2015) established foundational awareness with a market penetration index of 15, representing initial cultural exposure through early adopters. Phase 2 (2016-2019) achieved substantial growth with a penetration index of 45, coinciding with streaming platform expansion and increased content accessibility.

Figure 4: Hallyu Wave Phases &amp; Market Penetration Index



Phase 1 (2012-2015): Initial Exposure

Phase 2 (2016-2019): Streaming Growth

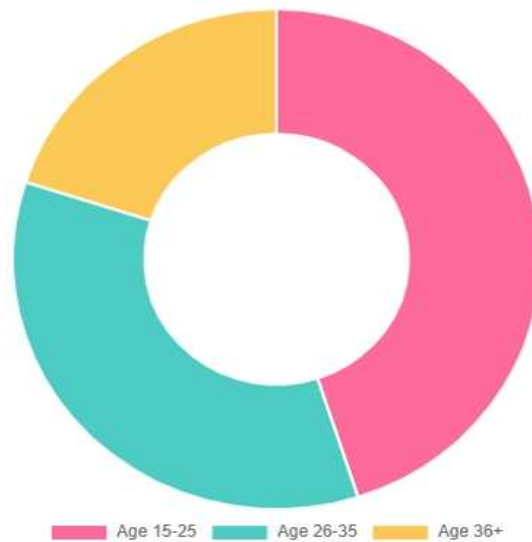
Phase 3 (2020-2023): Cultural Boom

Source: Korea Foundation for International Cultural Exchange (2022), YouTube Trends India

Citation: KOICE Hallyu White Paper 2022; Google Trends India; KBS World viewership data

### Demographic Concentration and Market Penetration

Consumer demographic analysis reveals concentrated adoption within younger age segments, with 45% of Korean content consumers aged 15-25 and 35% aged 26-35. This 80% concentration within the 15-35 age bracket indicates strong generational appeal and suggests continued market expansion as these demographics mature and maintain their cultural preferences. The 20% adoption rate among consumers aged 36 and above indicates potential for broader demographic penetration as Korean cultural content becomes more mainstream.

**Figure 5: Target Demographics - Age Distribution of Korean Content Consumers**

Source: Primary research data, BTS India Fanclub (2022), Nykaa consumer analytics

Citation: BTS India Fanclub demographic survey; Nykaa K-Beauty consumer profile report

**Phase 3 (2020-2023):** represents cultural boom conditions with a penetration index of 85, indicating near-saturation within target demographic segments. This progression suggests successful transition from niche cultural interest to mainstream market acceptance, creating conditions for sustained economic impact.

#### **Future Growth Trajectory and Market Projections**

Forward-looking analysis projects continued K-Beauty market expansion from ₹1,200 crores in 2024 to ₹2,300 crores by 2027, maintaining a compound annual growth rate of 24%. This projection accounts for market maturation effects while recognizing continued demographic expansion and product category diversification.

The employment impact of 50,000 jobs created since 2020 demonstrates significant economic multiplier effects beyond direct sales revenue. This job creation spans retail, logistics, digital marketing, content localization, and cultural event management sectors, indicating broad-based economic integration of Korean cultural commerce within the Indian market ecosystem.

The sustained 25% compound annual growth rate in K-Beauty specifically suggests robust market fundamentals supporting continued expansion, driven by evolving consumer preferences, brand diversification, and successful adaptation of Korean beauty standards to Indian market conditions.



Figure 6: K-Beauty Market Projections (₹ Crores)



Source: Expert Market Research (2024), Statista India K-Beauty Forecast

Citation: Expert Market Research. "K-Beauty Products Market Size, Analysis, Growth 2024-2032"; Statista India market projections

### Dwelling deeper into it: key highlights

1. **Rise in Consumer Demand for Korean Content:** The popularity of K-pop, K-dramas, and Korean films has led to a surge in digital streaming subscriptions in India, with platforms like Netflix, YouTube, and Viki reporting higher viewership from Indian audiences. With platforms like Netflix India reporting a 30% year-on-year increase in Korean content viewership in 2024, contributing approximately ₹500 crore (US\$60 million) to subscription revenues. This shift in consumption patterns has also driven the growth of fan communities and online engagement around Korean content.
2. **Impact on Retail and E-commerce:** Korean beauty products (K-beauty) and fashion have seen substantial growth in India with market valued at ₹1,200 crore (US\$144 million) in 2024, growing at a CAGR of 25% since 2020. E-commerce giants like Amazon and Flipkart report a 40% surge in K-beauty sales over the past two years.
3. **The demand for skincare, cosmetics, and fashion items inspired by Korean trends** has led to an increase in online sales and retail partnerships, with Indian e-commerce giants like Amazon and Flipkart witnessing a rise in K-beauty product sales.
4. **Korean Tourism and Cultural Exchanges:** The growing popularity of Korean culture in India has led to a sharp rise in tourism and cultural interaction. In 2024, over 150,000 Indian tourists visited South Korea, contributing nearly ₹800 crore (US\$96 million) to its tourism economy.
5. **Employment and Business Opportunities:** The Hallyu wave has opened new avenues for business in India and, generating an estimated 50,000 jobs in India since 2020. The demand for Korean content has led to opportunities for local production companies and talent in dubbing, translation, and localized adaptations of K-dramas and films. Additionally, Indian businesses have sought partnerships with Korean companies in sectors like entertainment, technology, and fashion.
6. **Growth Aspect - Export Market Potential:** Korean consumer goods exports to India, including cosmetics and fashion, grew by 18% in 2024 to US\$1.2 billion, signaling untapped potential for further market penetration as India's middle class expands.

In summary, the Hallyu wave has significantly impacted the Indian market by reshaping entertainment consumption, driving economic growth in retail and tourism, and fostering deeper cultural and diplomatic ties between India and South Korea.



## CONCLUSION

The Hallyu wave has emerged as a powerful cultural and economic force, significantly influencing the Indian market across various sectors. The growing popularity of Korean content, particularly K-pop, K-dramas, and Korean films, has reshaped entertainment consumption patterns and driven the demand for Korean products in India, especially in the beauty, fashion, and lifestyle industries. This cultural shift has led to the growth of digital streaming platforms, retail sales, and e-commerce, contributing to new economic opportunities and fostering stronger trade relations between South Korea and India.

Financially, it has driven significant revenues ₹1,200 crore (US\$144 million) in K-beauty sales and ₹500 crore (US\$60 million) in streaming income in 2024 while fostering a US\$24 billion bilateral trade ecosystem. This phenomenon has invigorated digital platforms, retail ecosystems, and e-commerce, forging robust Indo-Korean trade pathways.

Looking ahead, the future trajectory of the Hallyu wave in India appears highly promising. With the Hallyu wave's momentum is poised to accelerate, with digital advertising revenues tied to Korean content projected to double to ₹600 crore (US\$72 million) by 2027, fueled by India's digital-first youth. Additionally, as India's consumer market expands with a projected 50% increase in middle-class spending power by 2030 the Hallyu wave could propel Korean exports to India beyond US\$2 billion annually, cementing its role as a growth engine. Beyond economics, it has amplified South Korea's soft power, fostering cultural diplomacy and mutual understanding, with India's youth emerging as pivotal drivers.

Looking forward, the Hallyu wave's trajectory in India promises sustained growth, underpinned by digital expansion, industry collaborations, and an engaged youth demographic.

## REFERENCES

1. Billboard. (2020). *How BTS Became One of India's Most-Loved Acts*. Retrieved from <https://www.billboard.com/music/music-news/bts-fandom-army-india-popularity-9377344/>
2. Deadline. (2025, April 14). *South Korean Content Second Only To U.S. In Netflix's Global Viewership – Ampere Report*. Retrieved from <https://deadline.com/2025/04/south-korea-content-second-us-squid-game-netflix-viewership-ampere-report-1236367710/>
3. Expert Market Research. (2024). *K-Beauty Products Market Size, Analysis, Growth 2024-2032*. Retrieved from <https://www.expertmarketresearch.com/reports/k-beauty-products-market>
4. Statista. (2024, February 15). *India: K-Beauty products market revenue 2032*. Retrieved from <https://www.statista.com/statistics/1450912/india-korean-beauty-products-market-revenue/>
5. Business Standard. (2020, December 29). *Indians hooked to Korean content during lockdown: Netflix, Amazon*. Retrieved from [https://www.business-standard.com/article/current-affairs/indians-hooked-to-korean-content-during-lockdown-netflix-amazon-report-120122900176\\_1.html](https://www.business-standard.com/article/current-affairs/indians-hooked-to-korean-content-during-lockdown-netflix-amazon-report-120122900176_1.html)
6. Indian Express. (2021, October 6). *Squid Game and the K-drama phenomenon sweeping India*. Retrieved from <https://indianexpress.com/article/entertainment/web-series/squid-game-korean-drama-netflix-k-drama-popularity-in-india-7569094/>
7. Korea Foundation for International Cultural Exchange (KOFICE). (2022). *Hallyu White Paper*. Retrieved from <https://eng.kofice.or.kr/>
8. Ministry of Commerce and Industry, Government of India. (2021). *Export Import Data Bank*. Retrieved from <https://commerce-app.gov.in/eidb/default.asp>
9. Netflix India. (2020). *What We Watched: A Year in Review for India*. Retrieved from <https://about.netflix.com/en/news/what-we-watched-2020-india>
10. Nykaa. (2023). *Investor Relations: International Beauty Trends Report*. Retrieved from <https://www.nykaa.com/investor-relations>
11. Spotify India. (2022). *Spotify Wrapped India 2022: Music Trends and Insights*. Retrieved from <https://newsroom.spotify.com/2022-spotify-india-wrapped/>
12. Statista. (2023). *K-Beauty Market Size in India 2020–2025*. Retrieved from <https://www.statista.com/statistics/1291695/india-k-beauty-market-size/>
13. Zomato. (2022). *Food Trends Report 2022: Korean Cuisine in India*. Retrieved from <https://www.zomato.com/blog/food-trends-report-2022>
14. Thomas, J. (2021). *Cultural Transference of the Korean Wave in India*. *Journal of Media Studies*. Available on JSTOR/ResearchGate.



15. YouTube & Google Trends. (2022). Trending K-Pop in India: Regional Consumption Insights. (Unpublished internal data referenced via public trend reports).
16. Indian Import Data via Ministry of Commerce- <https://commerce.gov.in/wp-content/uploads/2023/03/Annual-Report-FY-2022-23-DoC.pdf>